

Light mesons and axions at **BESIII**

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- ❑ Examples of light meson studies: two pion system
Prog.Part.Nucl.Phys. 120 (2021) 103884
- ❑ Axion and dark photon searches

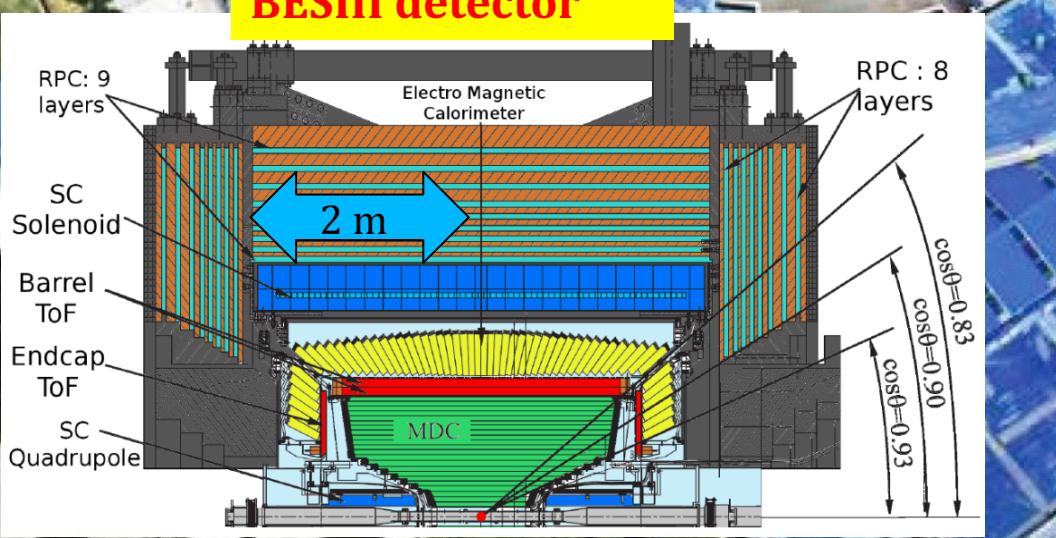
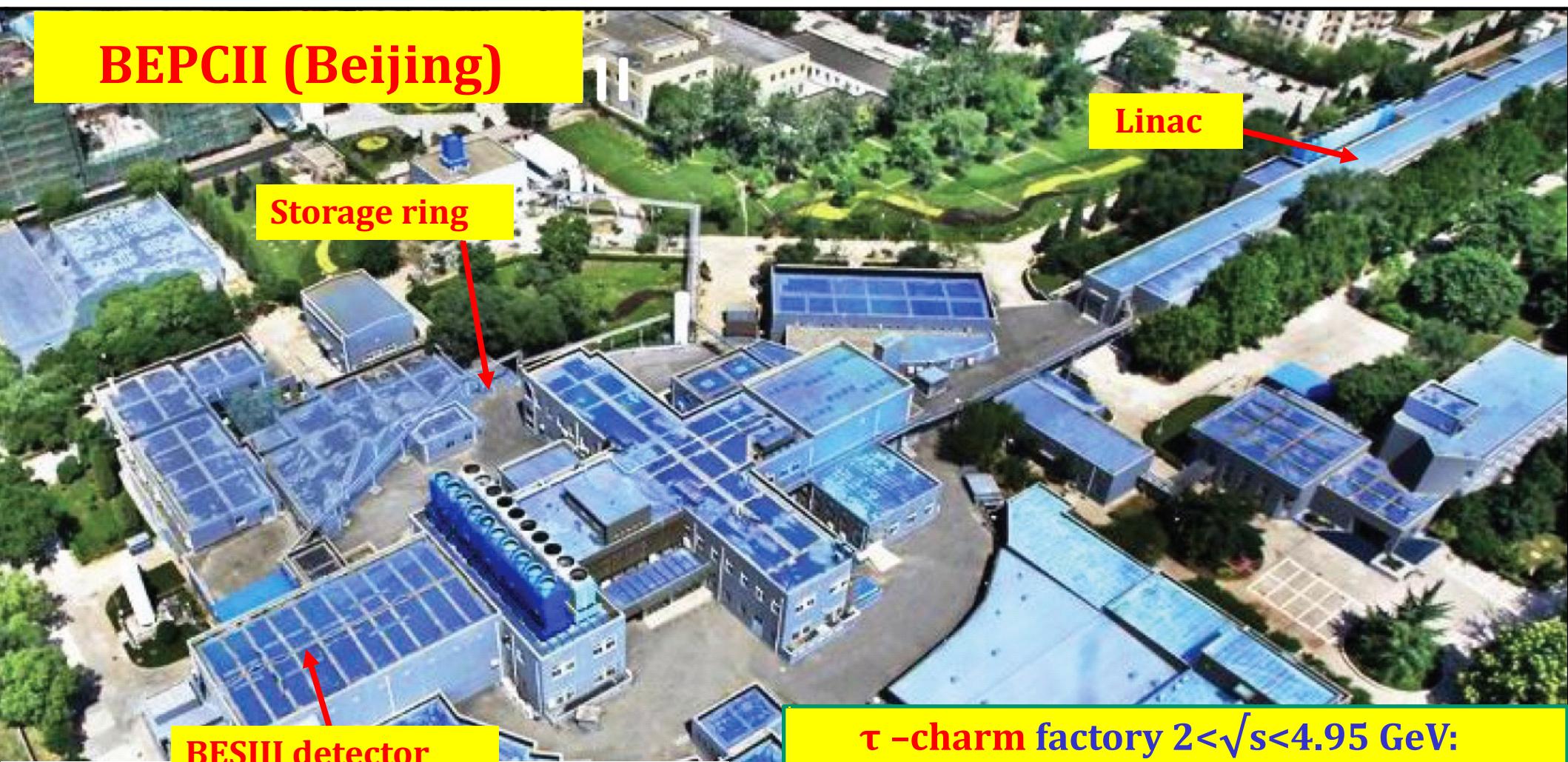


UPPSALA
UNIVERSITET

Workshop at 1GeV scale: From mesons to axions
Kraków, September 20th, 2024



BEPCII (Beijing)

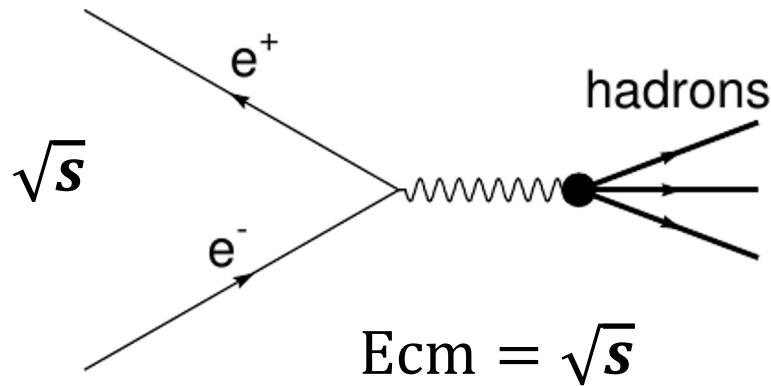


τ -charm factory $2 < \sqrt{s} < 4.95$ GeV:

- Charmonium spectroscopy/decays
- Light hadrons
- Charm
- τ physics
- R-scan

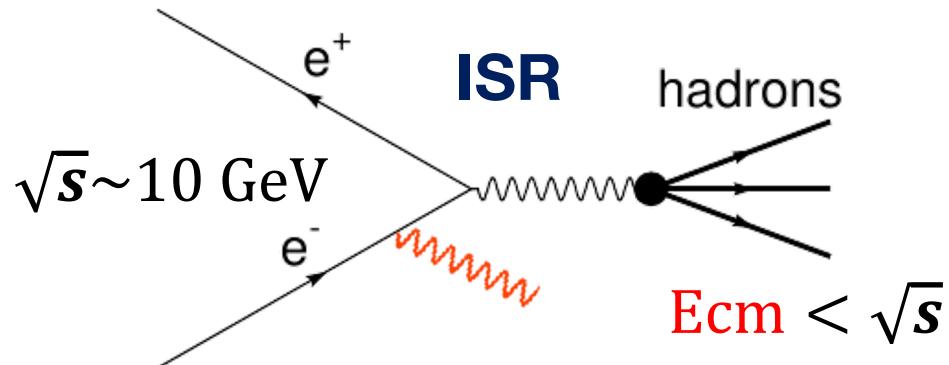
Hadrons at e^+e^- colliders

BESIII

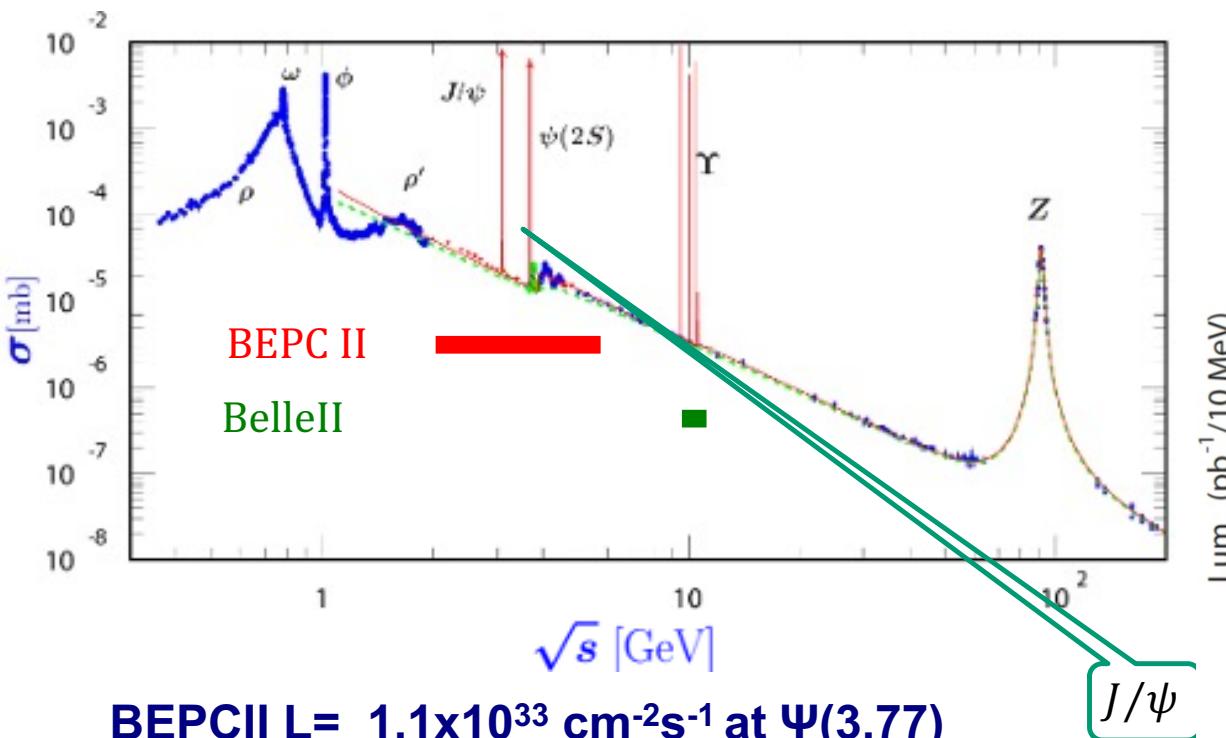


- ❑ (very) high luminosity at selected c.m. energies
- ❑ better resolution: at J/ψ 0.9 MeV

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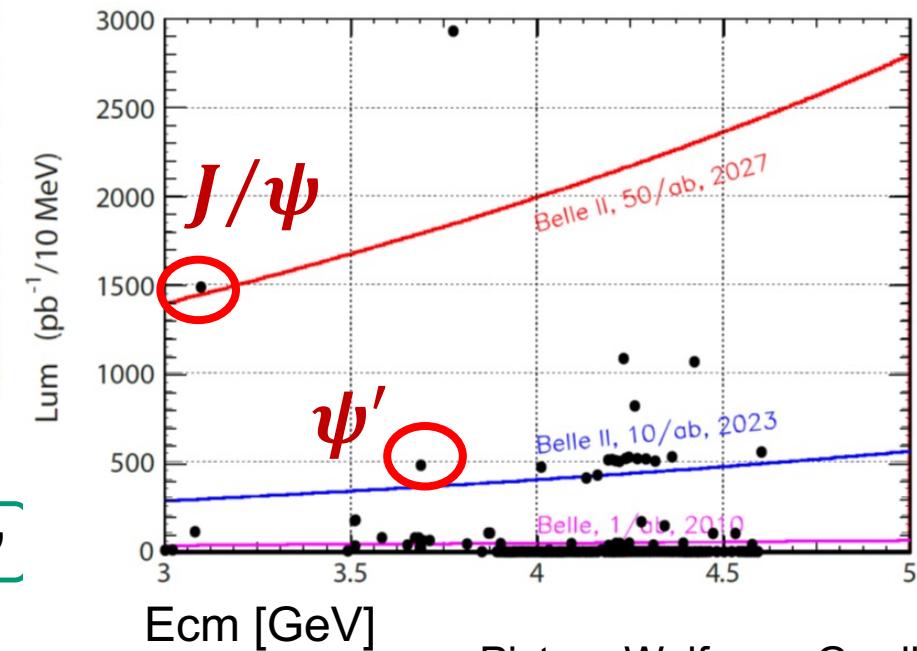


- ❑ ISR: many E_{cm} simultaneously
- ❑ also hadrons from B and τ decays



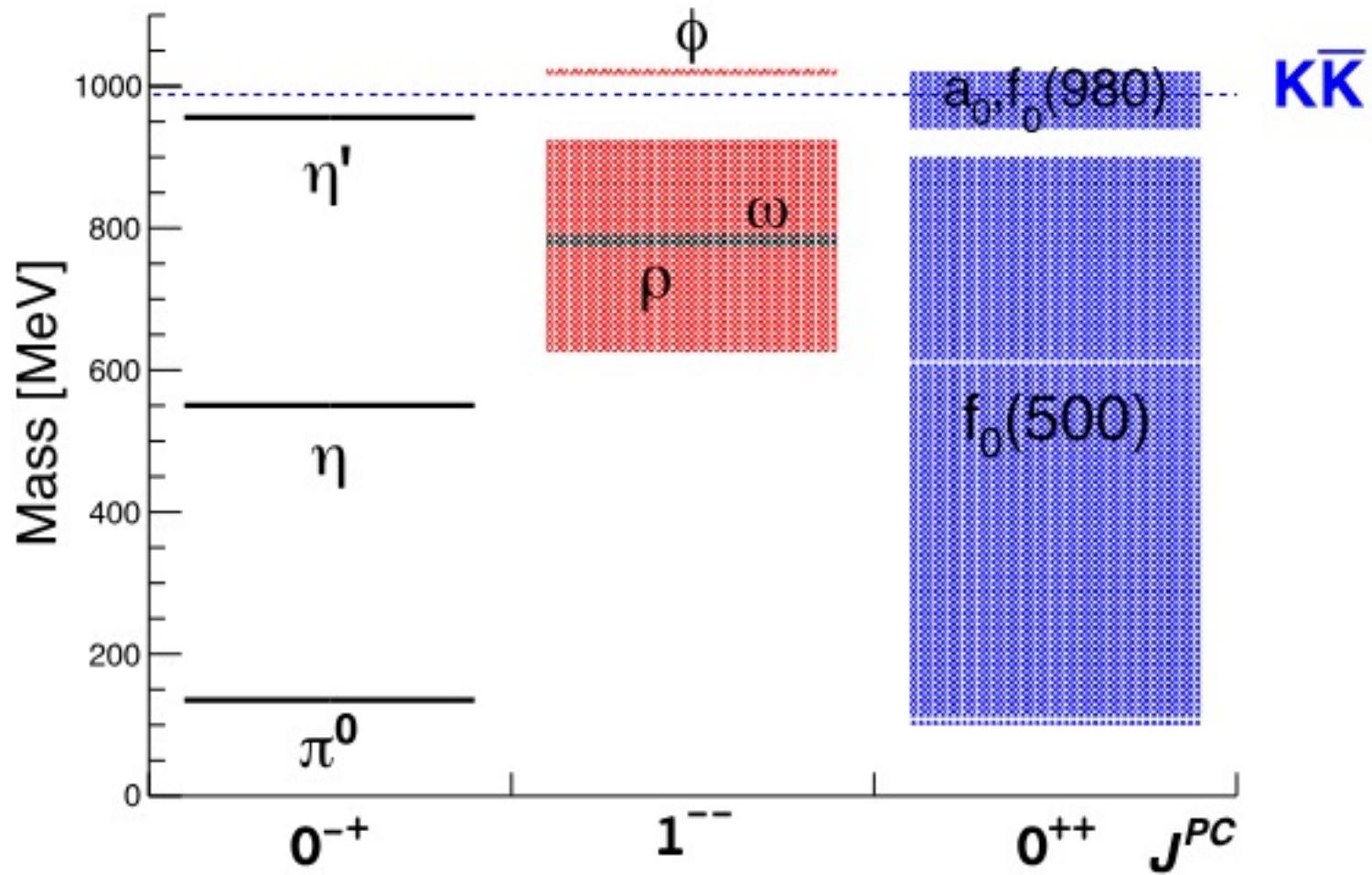
$10^{10} J/\psi$ Feb 2019

$\psi(3770) 20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

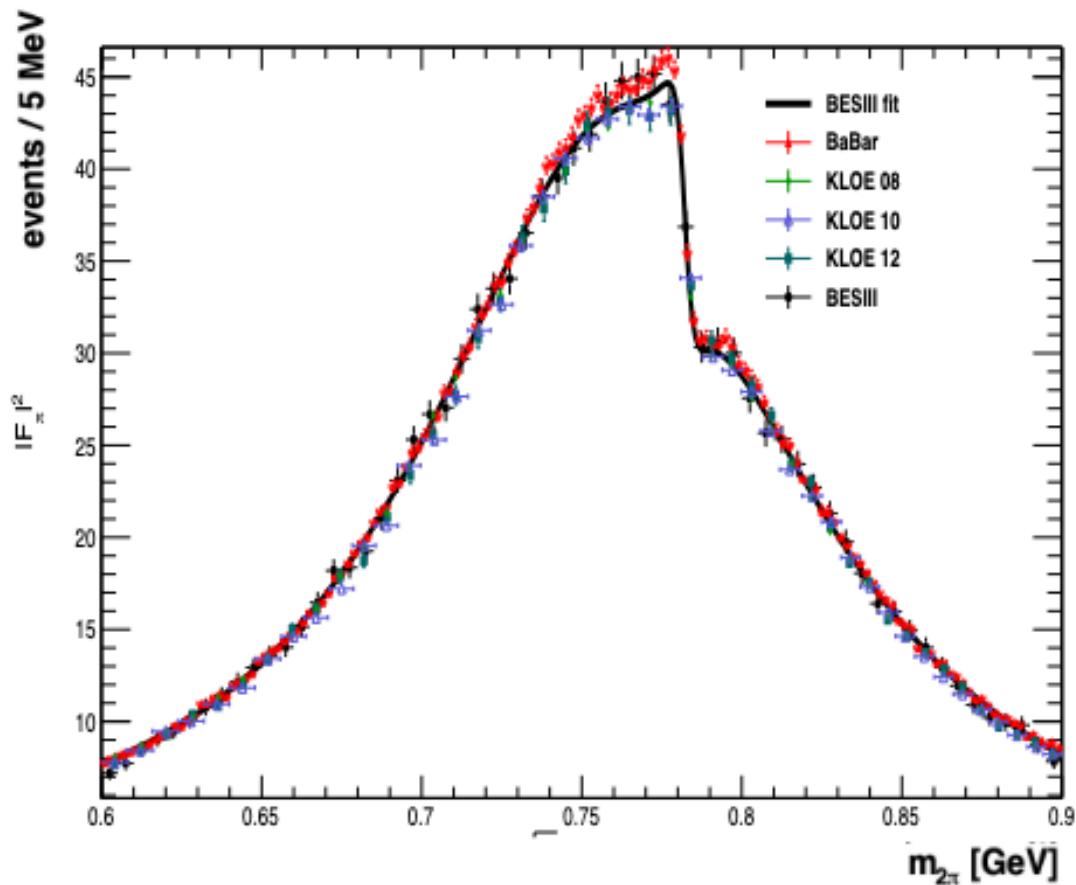


Picture:Wolfgang Gradl

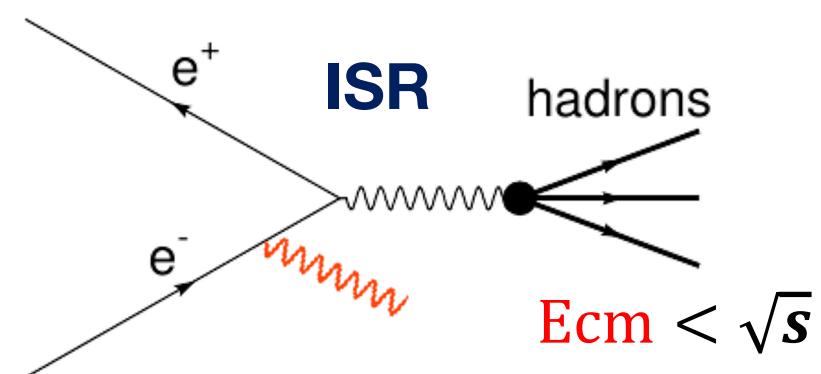
Neutral light mesons



$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma_{ISR}$$

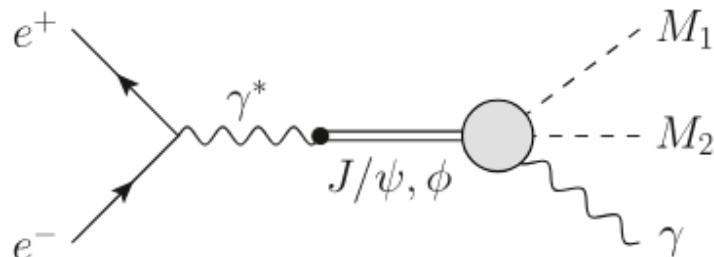


$$\sqrt{s} = 3.77 \text{ GeV}$$



Crucial for hadronic contribution to muon g-2

Amplitude analysis of $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^0\pi^0$



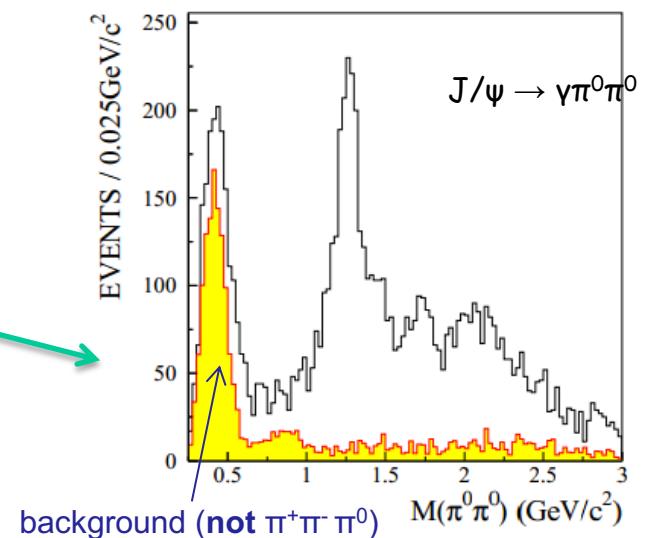
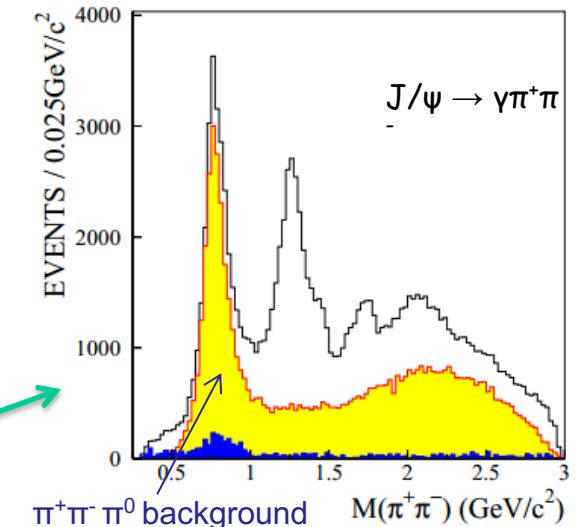
Radiative decays to two pseudoscalars, angular momentum + parity restricts the quantum numbers to $J^{PC}=0^{++}, 2^{++}, 4^{++}..$

$\pi^0\pi^0$ is cleaner than $\pi^+\pi^-$

Amplitude analysis:

Mass independent fits \rightarrow final state interactions of $\pi^0\pi^0$

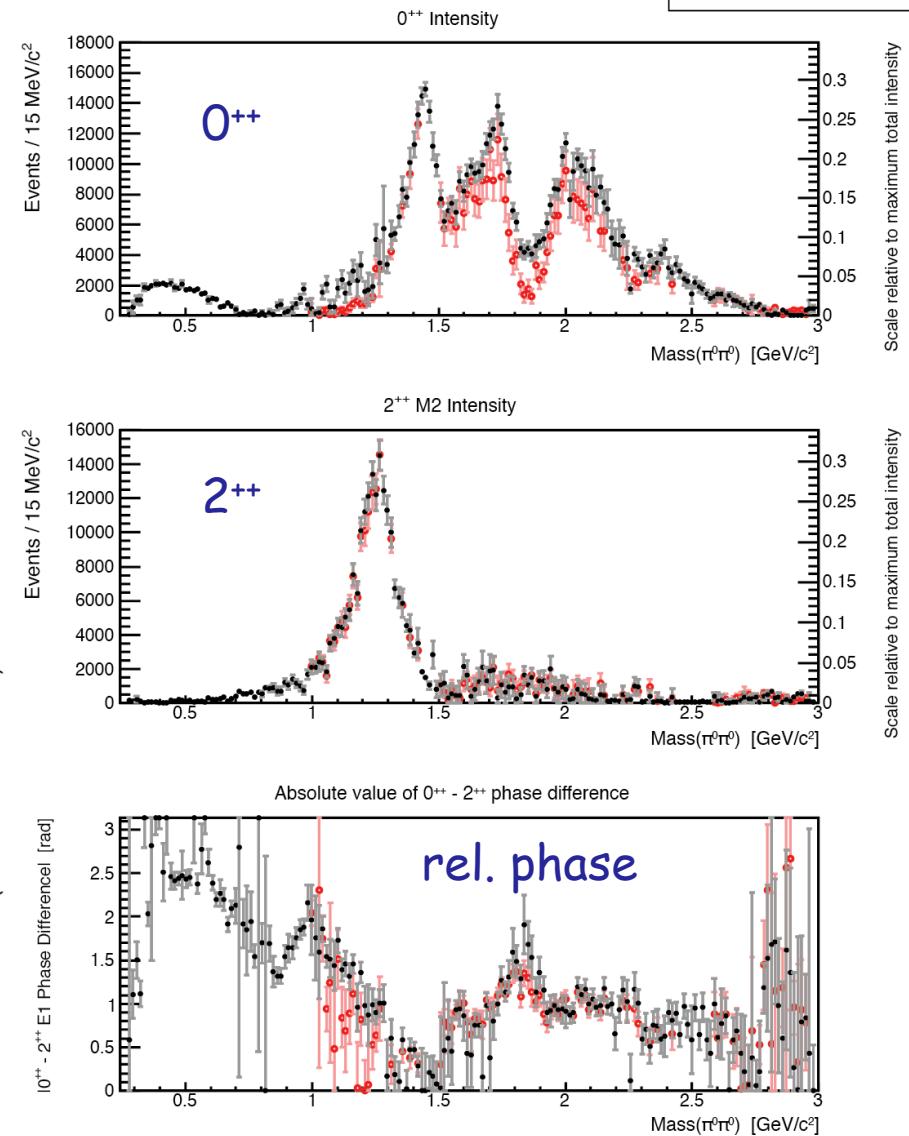
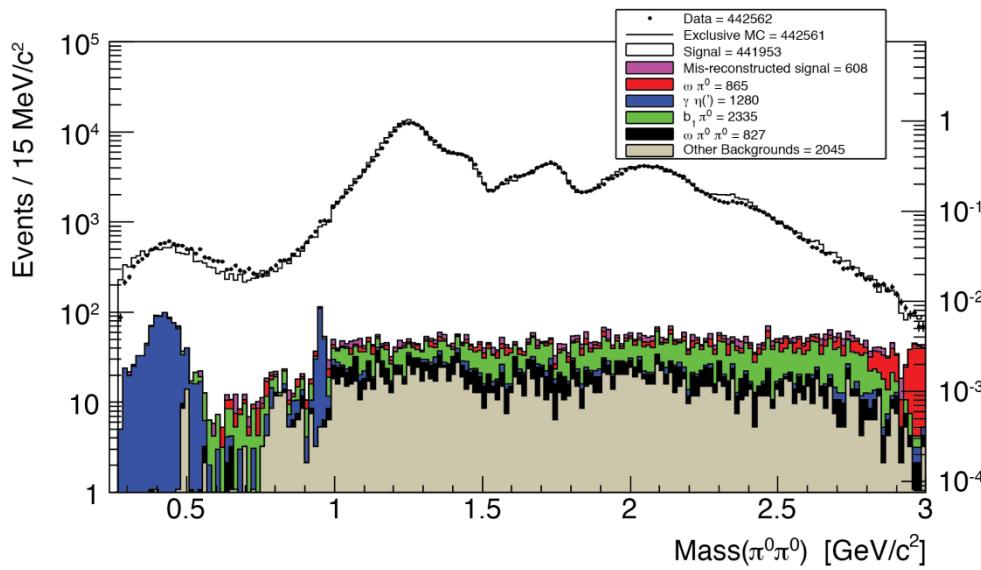
Mass dependent fits \rightarrow extracting masses, widths, etc. of intermediate states



Amplitude analysis of $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^0\pi^0$

- Solution 1
- Solution 2

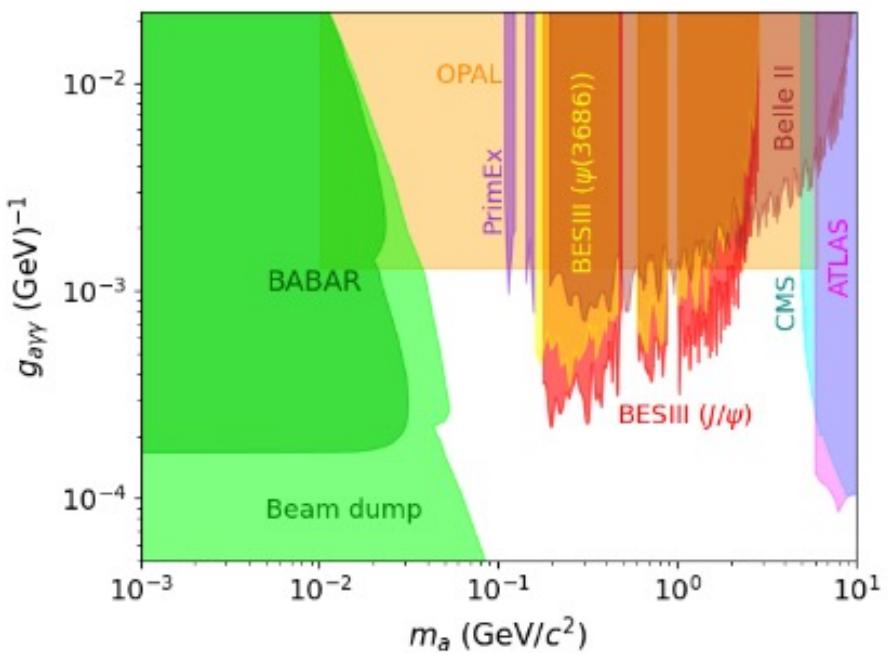
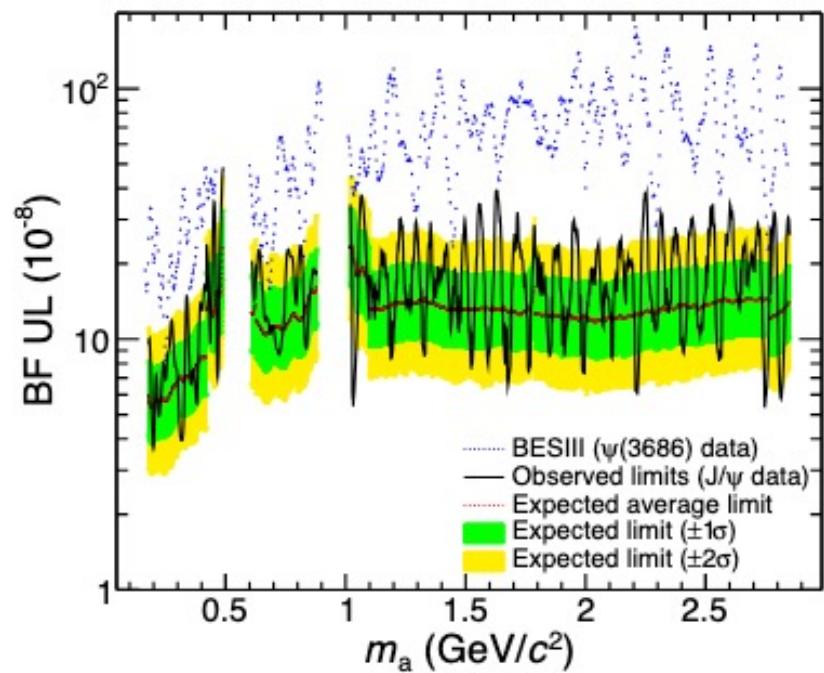
PRD92 ('15) 052003



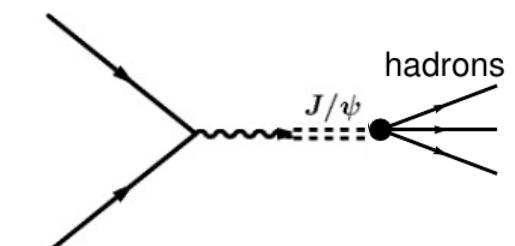
* Error bars are statistical only

Search for ALP in $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma(a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$

Phys.Rev.D 110 (2024) L031101



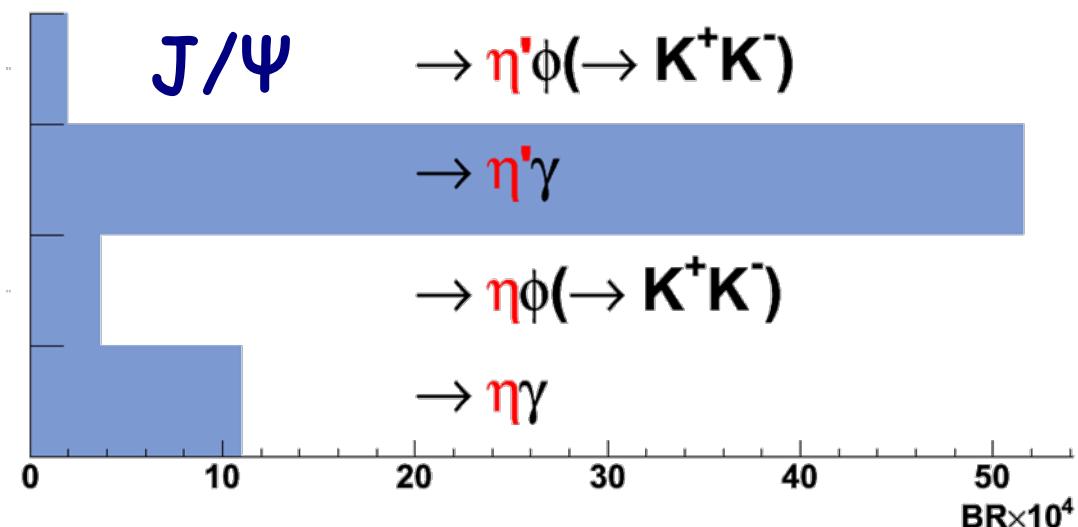
η , η' decays



$10^{10} J/\psi$ events $\Rightarrow 45 \times 10^6 \eta'$

Radiative Decays

$\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	39%	$\eta' \rightarrow \rho^0\gamma$	29%
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$	5%	$\eta' \rightarrow \omega\gamma$	3%
		$\eta' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	2%



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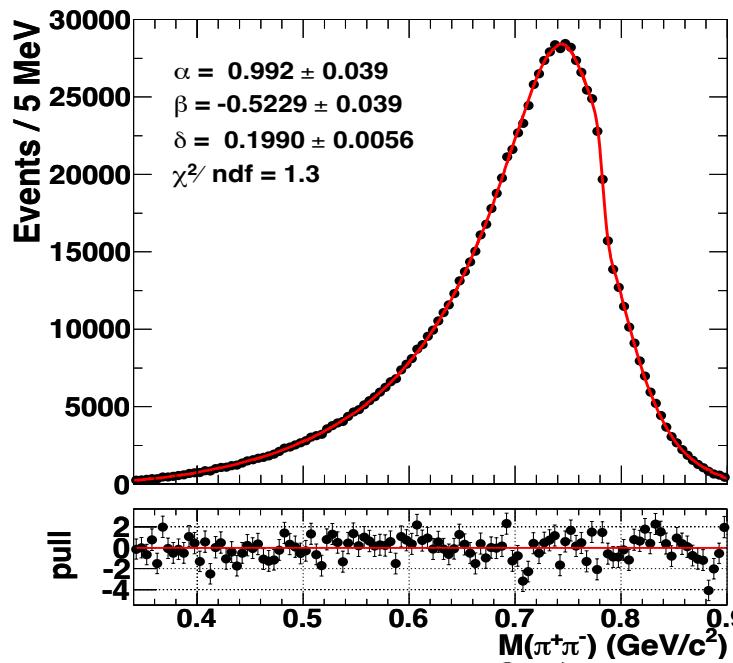
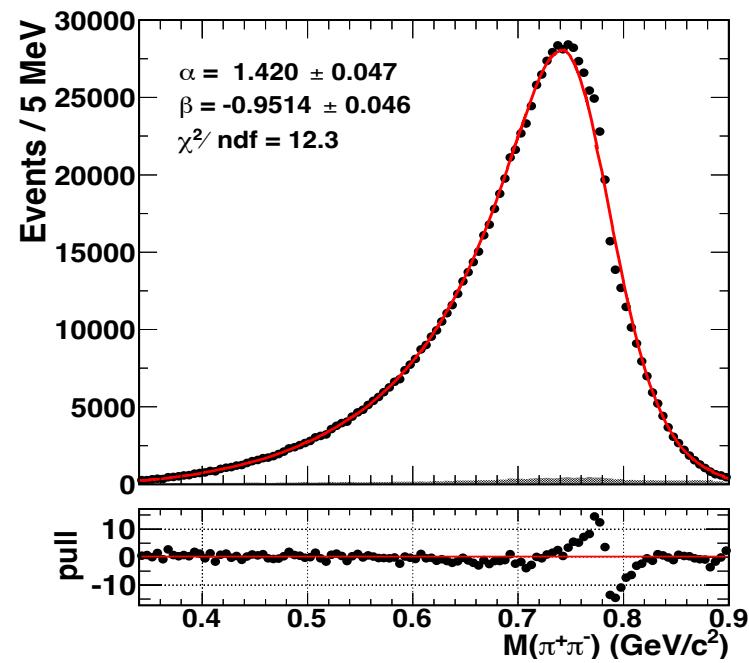
Study of $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$

based on $0.9 \times 10^6 \eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{ds_{\pi\pi}} = |AP(s_{\pi\pi})F_V(s_{\pi\pi})|^2 \Gamma_0(s_{\pi\pi})$$

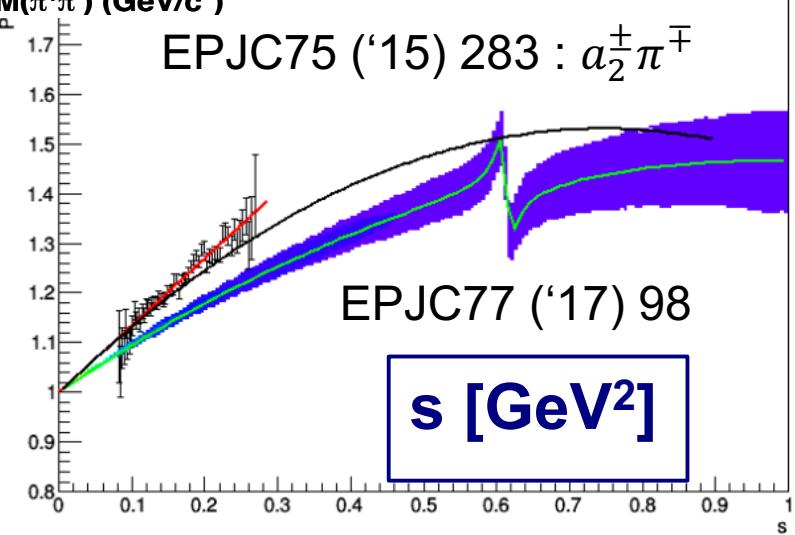
$$P(s_{\pi\pi}) = 1 + \alpha s_{\pi\pi} + \beta s_{\pi\pi}^2$$

$$P(s_{\pi\pi}) = 1 + \alpha s_{\pi\pi} + \beta s_{\pi\pi}^2 + \delta BW_\omega$$



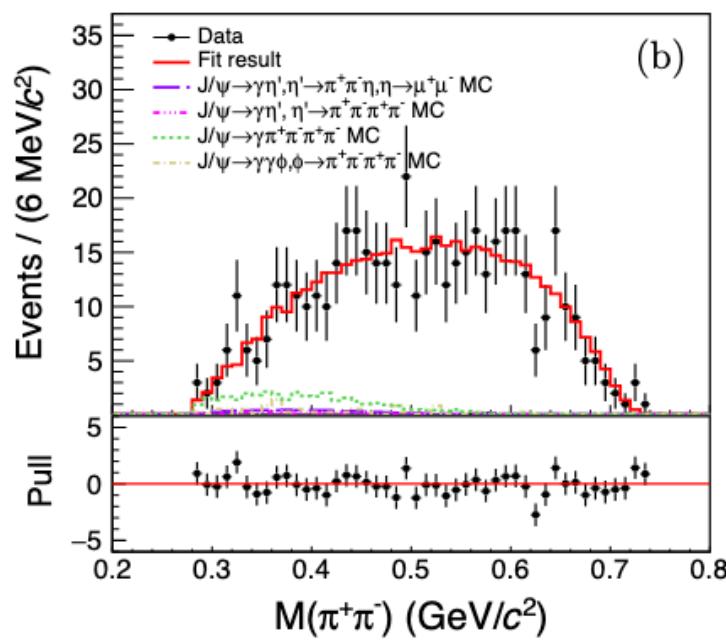
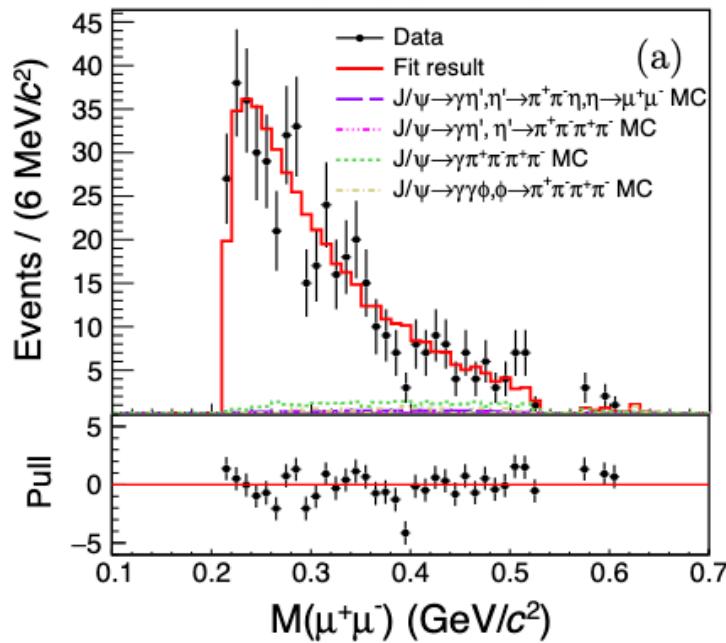
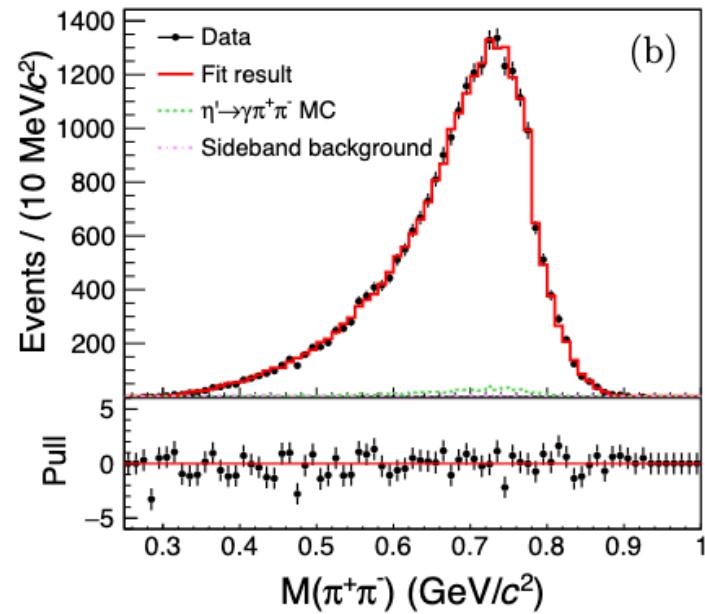
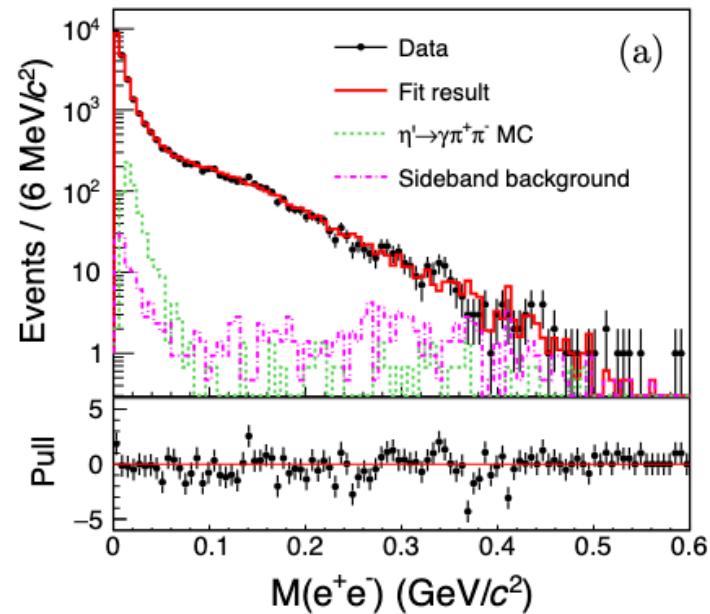
BES III

Phys.Rev.Lett. 120 (2018) 242003



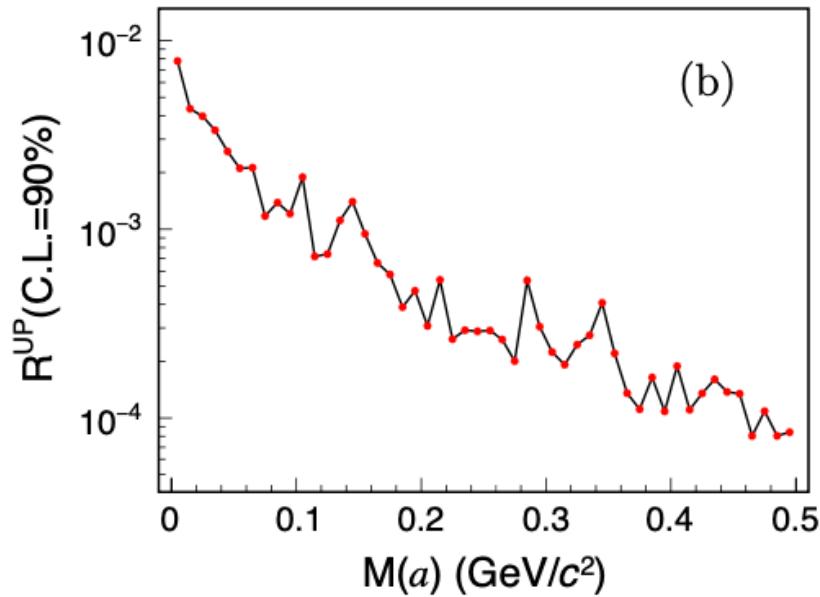
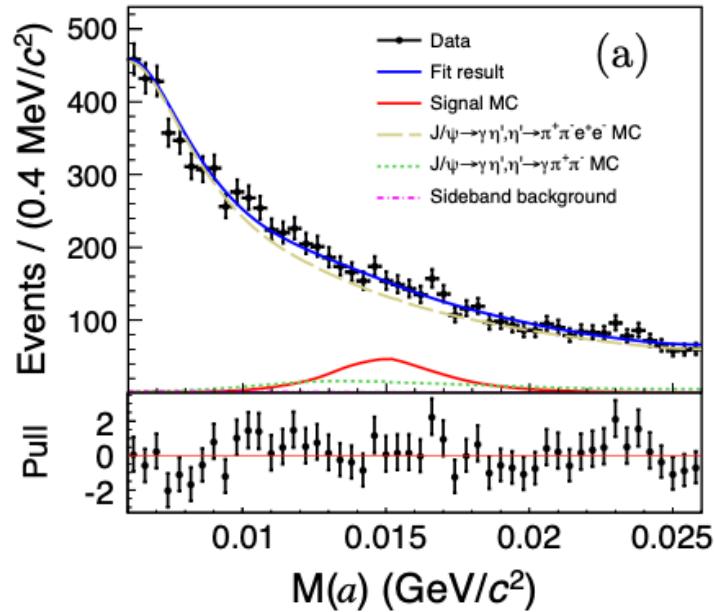
Study of $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-e^+e^-$

JHEP 07 (2024) 135



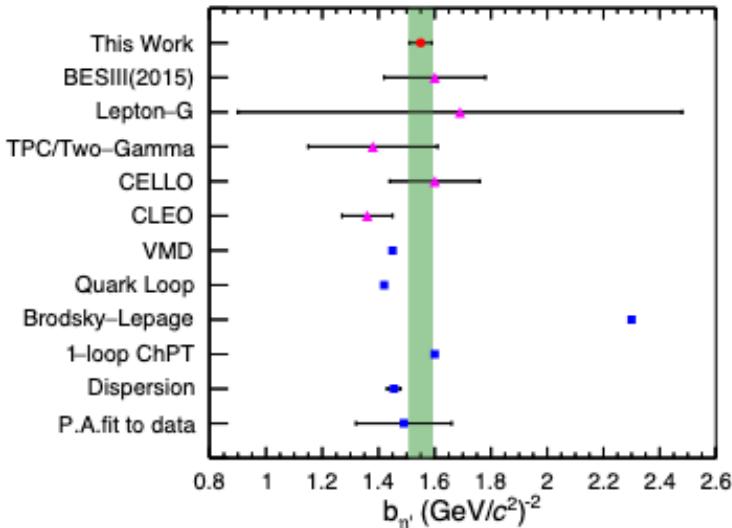
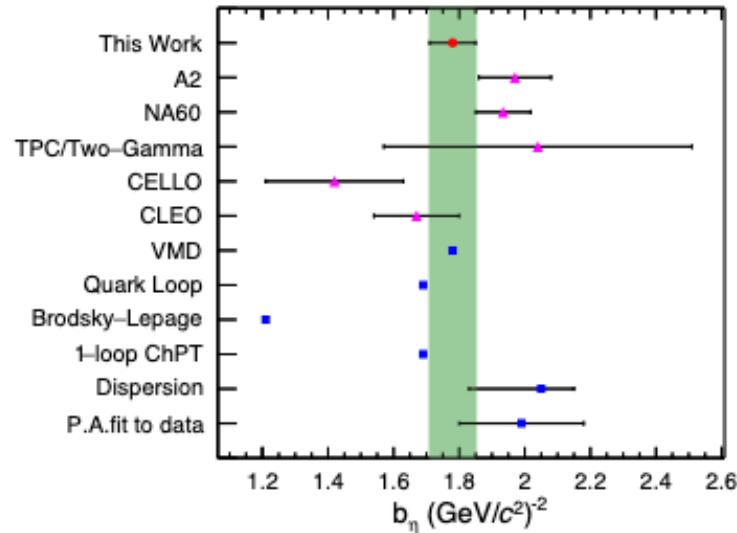
Search for ALP in $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-e^+e^-$

JHEP 07 (2024) 135

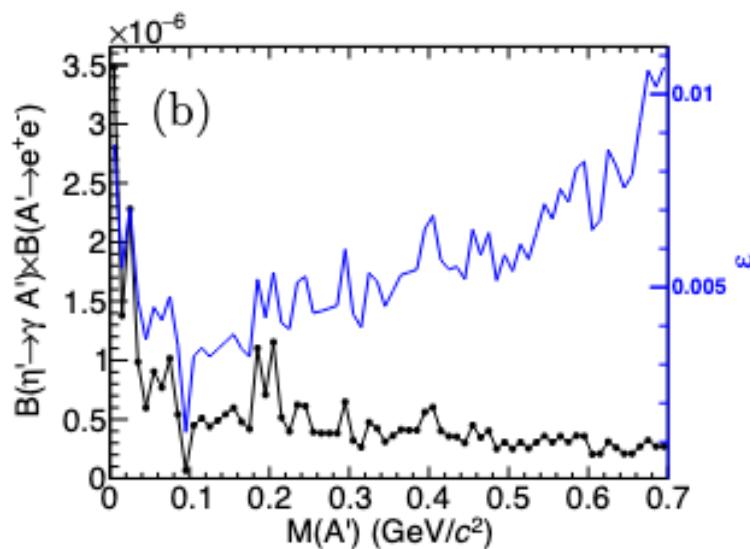
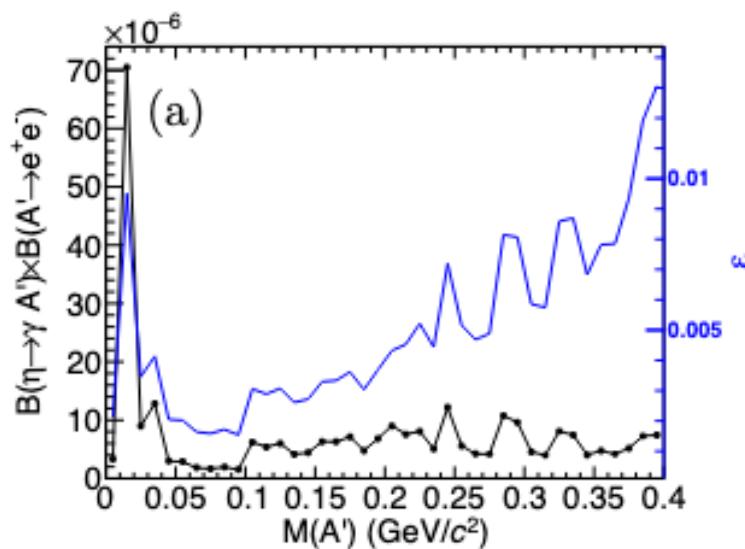


Study of $\eta' \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma$

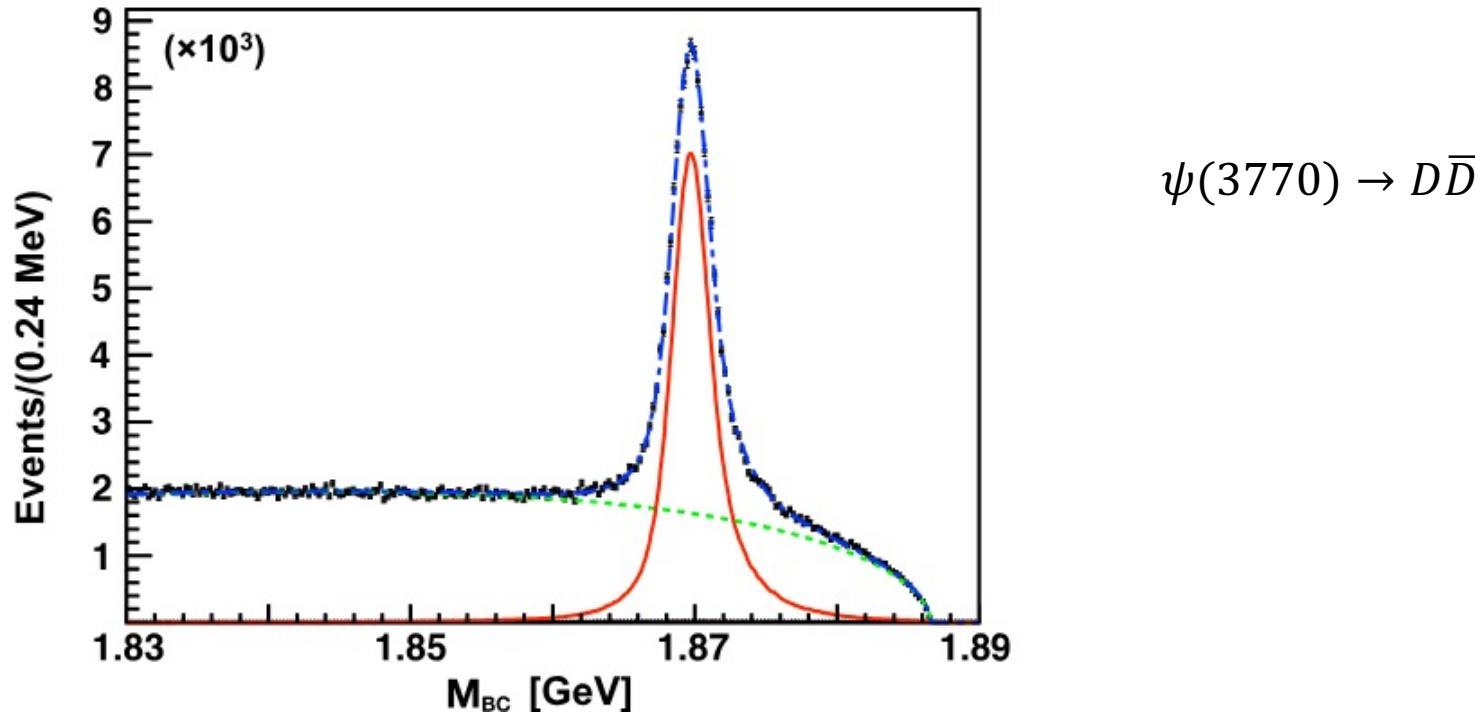
Phys.Rev.D 109 (2024) 7



Search for dark photon A' in $\eta' \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma$



Double Tag method for D meson decay studies at $\psi(3770)$



Channels used for D meson tagging in $e^+e^- \rightarrow D\bar{D}$ at the $\psi(3770)$ resonance. Single-tag efficiencies, ϵ_{tag} , are given. The efficiencies are corrected for $\mathcal{B}(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$. The number of events is for integrated luminosity of 2.9 fb^{-1} and c.c. is implied.

Tag mode	$N_{\text{tag}} (\times 10^3)$	$\epsilon_{\text{tag}} (\%)$	Tag mode	$N_{\text{tag}} (\times 10^3)$	$\epsilon_{\text{tag}} (\%)$
$\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$	520	64	$D^- \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^-$	798	51
$\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^-\pi^0$	1080	35	$D^- \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^-\pi^0$	245	25
$\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-$	699	39	$D^- \rightarrow K_S^0\pi^-$	93	51
			$D^- \rightarrow K_S^0\pi^-\pi^0$	206	26
			$D^- \rightarrow K_S^0\pi^-\pi^-\pi^+$	110	27
			$D^- \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^-$	68	40

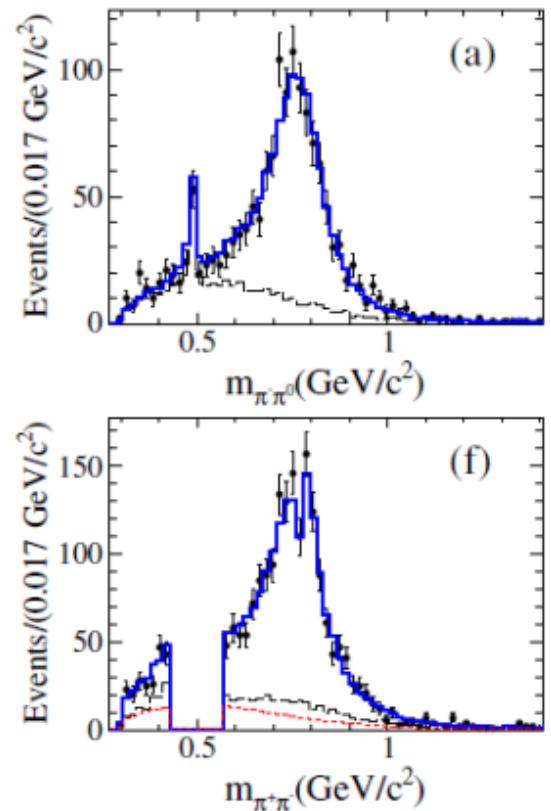
Semileptonic D meson decays

Phys.Rev.Lett. 122 (2019) 062001

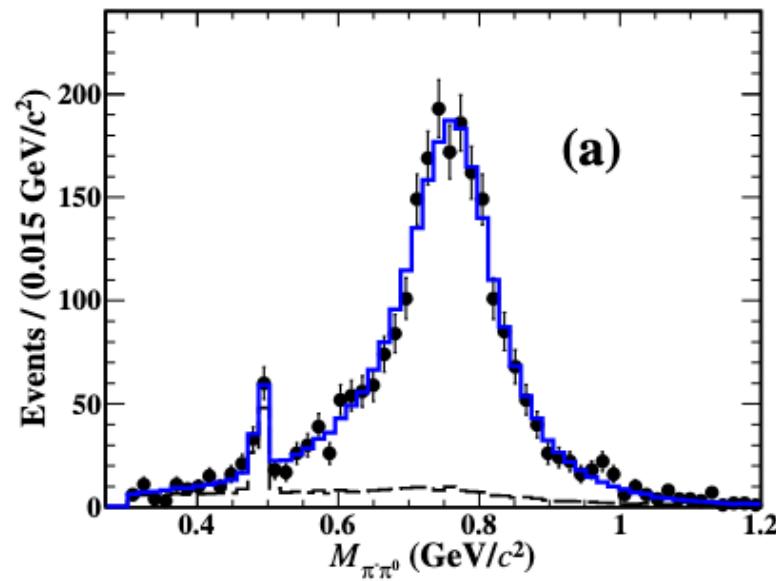
3 fb^{-1}

Signal mode	This analysis ($\times 10^{-3}$)
$D^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$	$1.445 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.039$
$D^0 \rightarrow \rho^- e^+ \nu_e$	$1.445 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.039$
$D^+ \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e$	$2.449 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.073$
$D^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 e^+ \nu_e$	$1.860 \pm 0.070 \pm 0.061$
$D^+ \rightarrow \omega e^+ \nu_e$	$2.05 \pm 0.66 \pm 0.30$
$D^+ \rightarrow f_0(500) e^+ \nu_e, f_0(500) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$0.630 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.032$
$D^+ \rightarrow f_0(980) e^+ \nu_e, f_0(980) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	<0.028

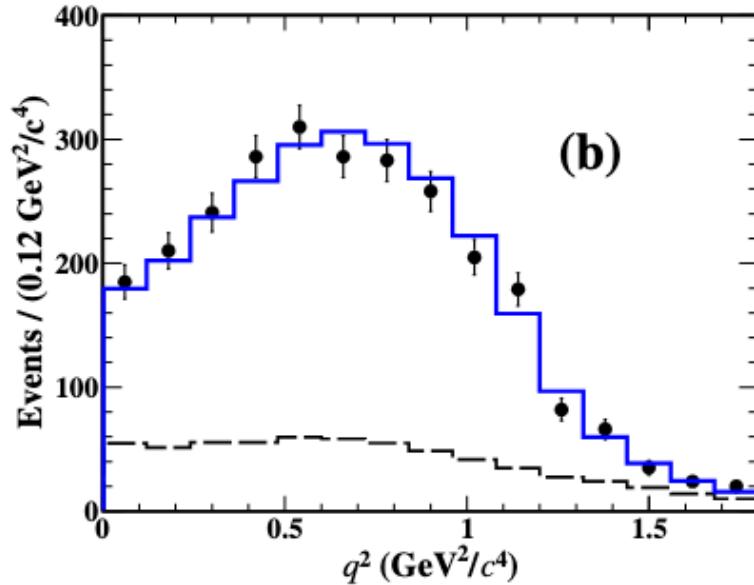
2.76×10^6 neutral and 1.57×10^6 charged tags



Study of the decay $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$



(a)



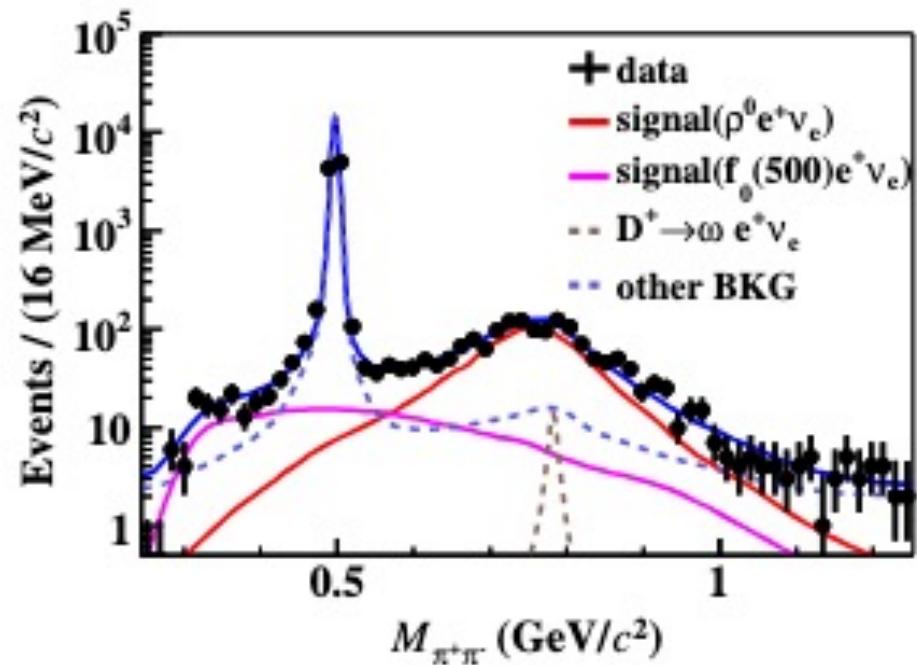
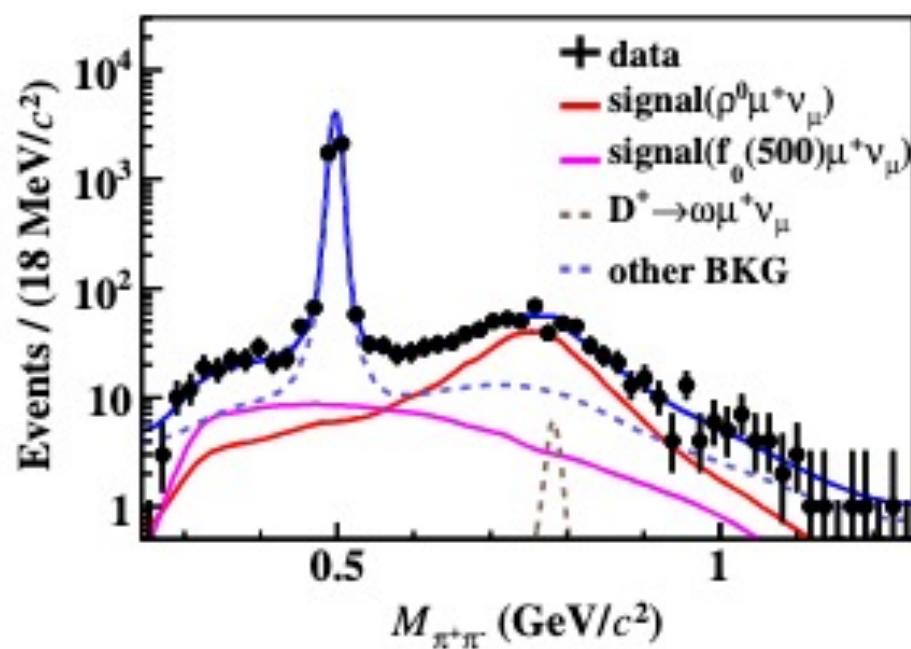
(b)

7.93 fb^{-1}

arXiv:2409.04276

Study of $D^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-l^+\nu_l$

2.93 fb⁻¹

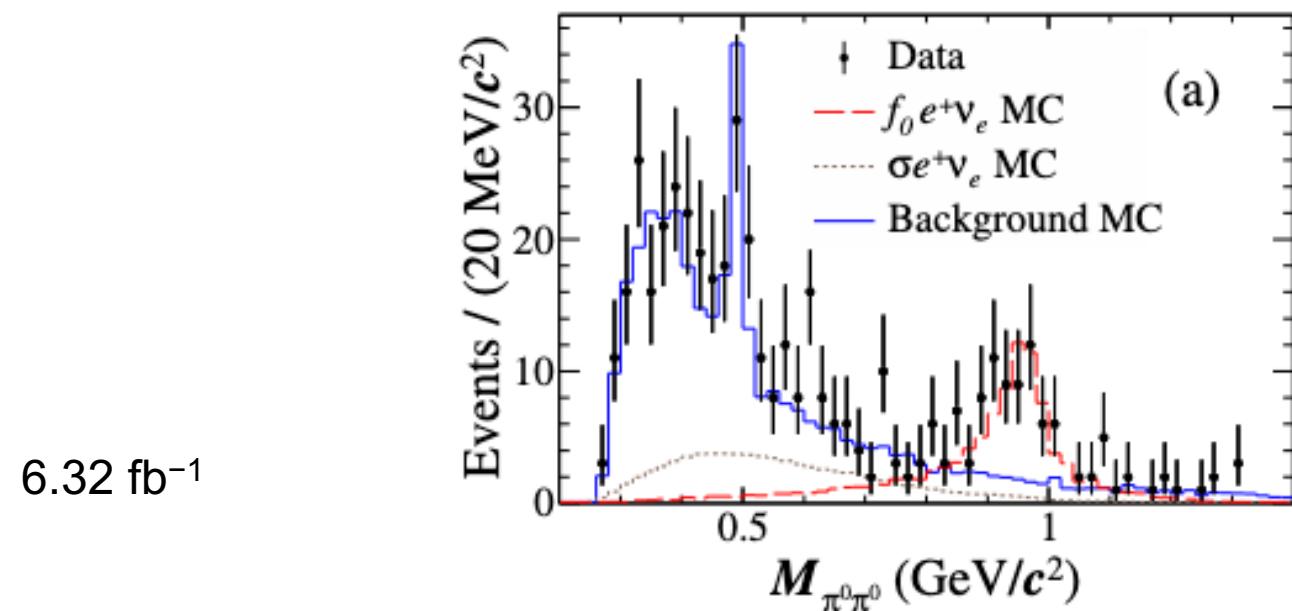


2401.13225

Study of $D_s^+ \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0e^+\nu_e$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow D_s^{*\pm}D_s^\mp \rightarrow \gamma(\pi^0)D_s^\pm D_s^\mp$$

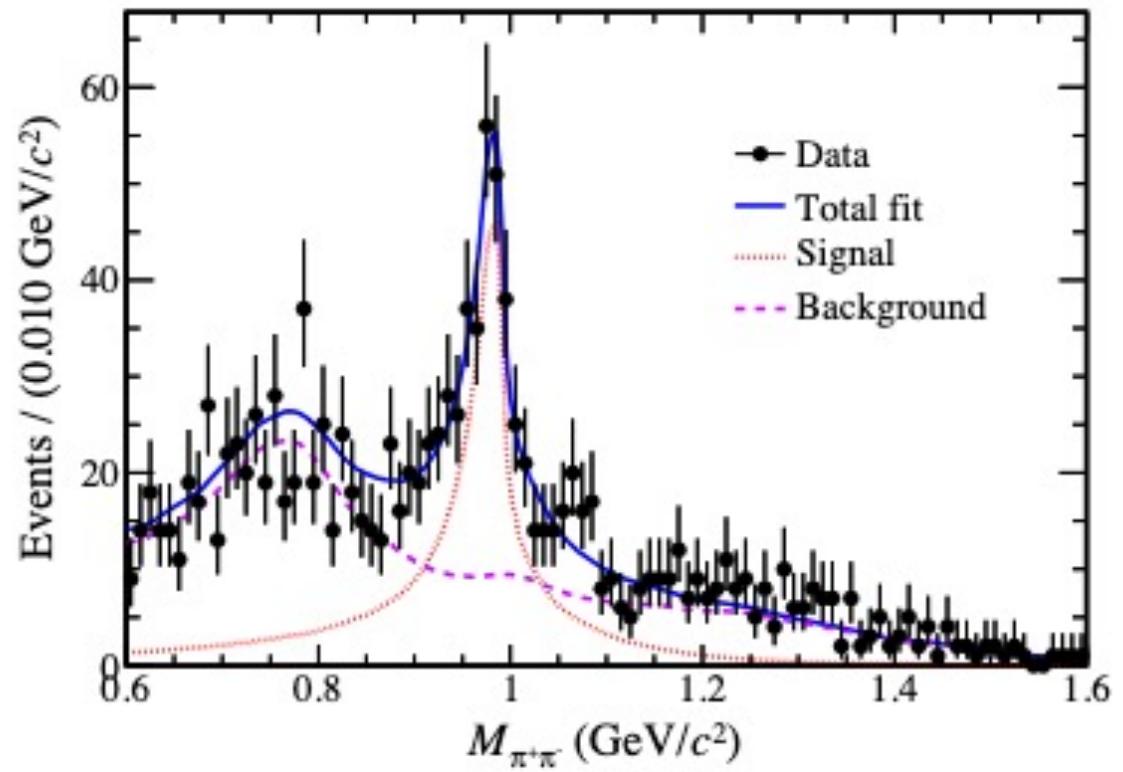
4.128 to 4.226 GeV.



Study of $D_s^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-e^+\nu_e$

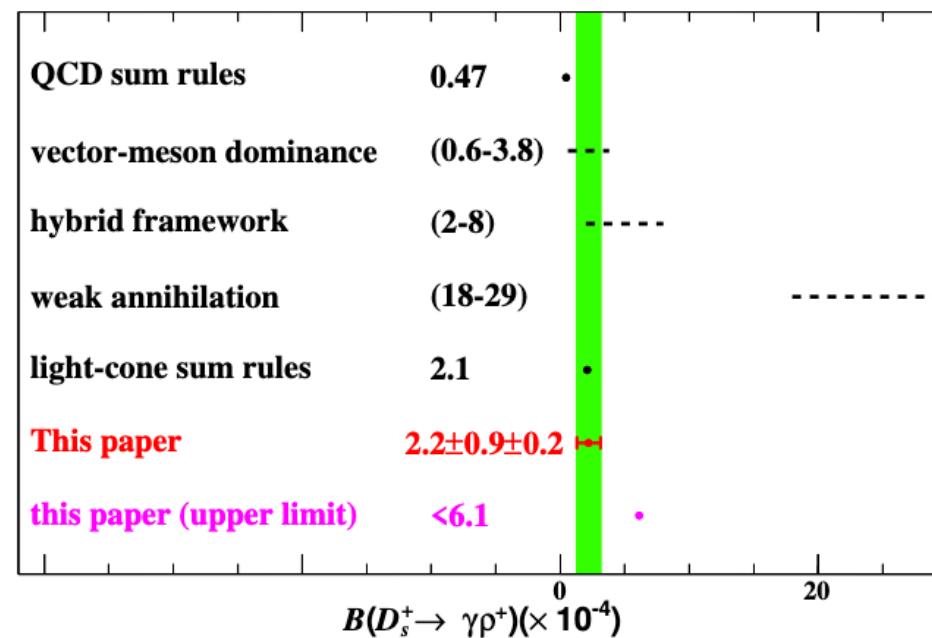
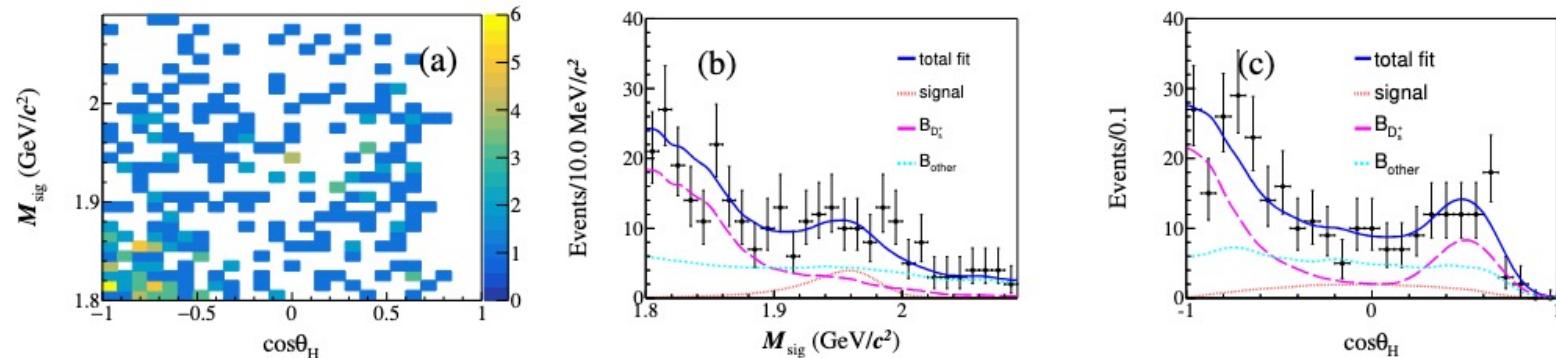
7.33 fb $^{-1}$

Phys.Rev.Lett. 132 (2024) 141901



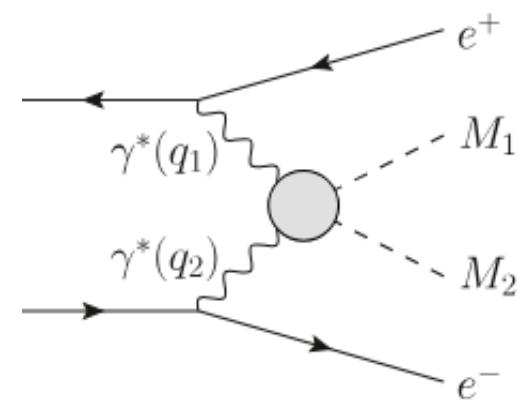
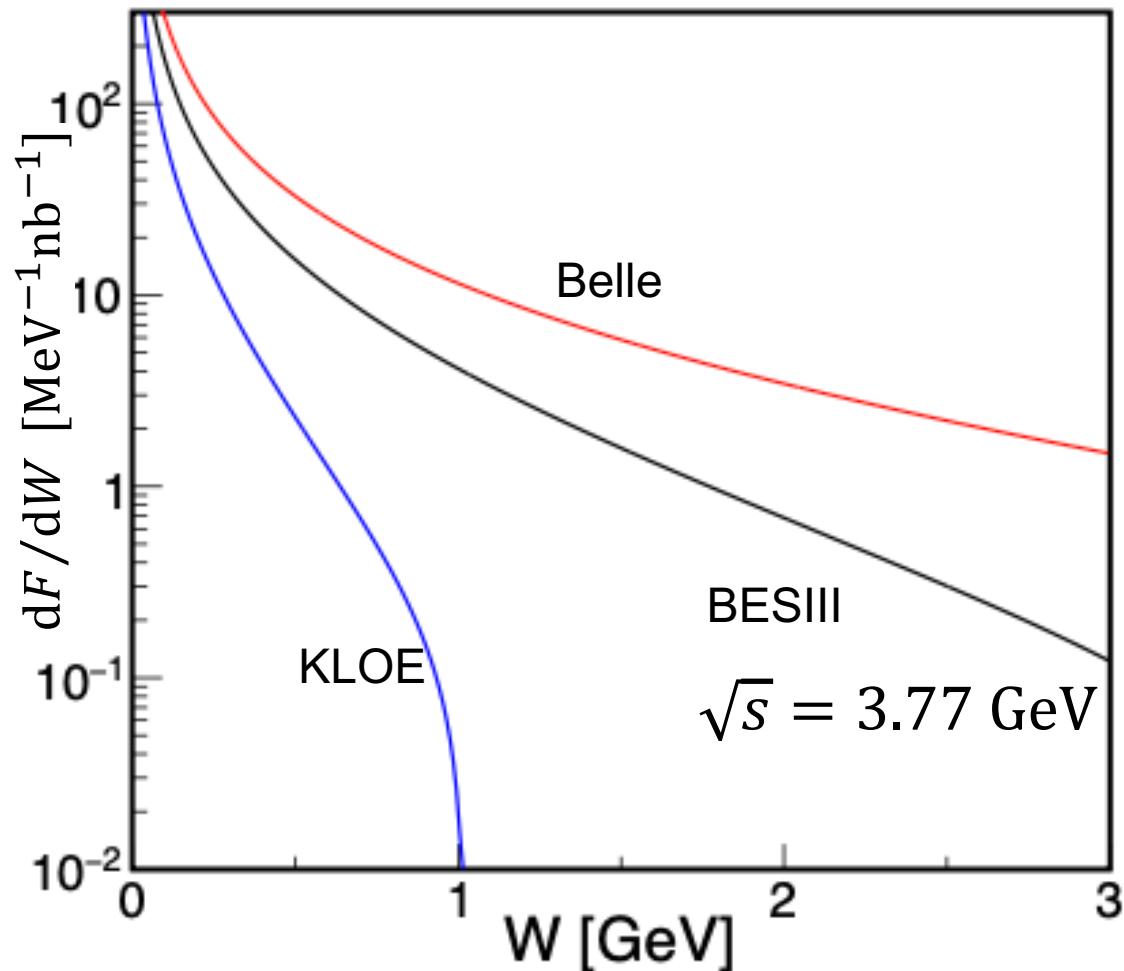
4.128 to 4.226 GeV.

Search for weak radiative decay $D_s^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ \gamma$



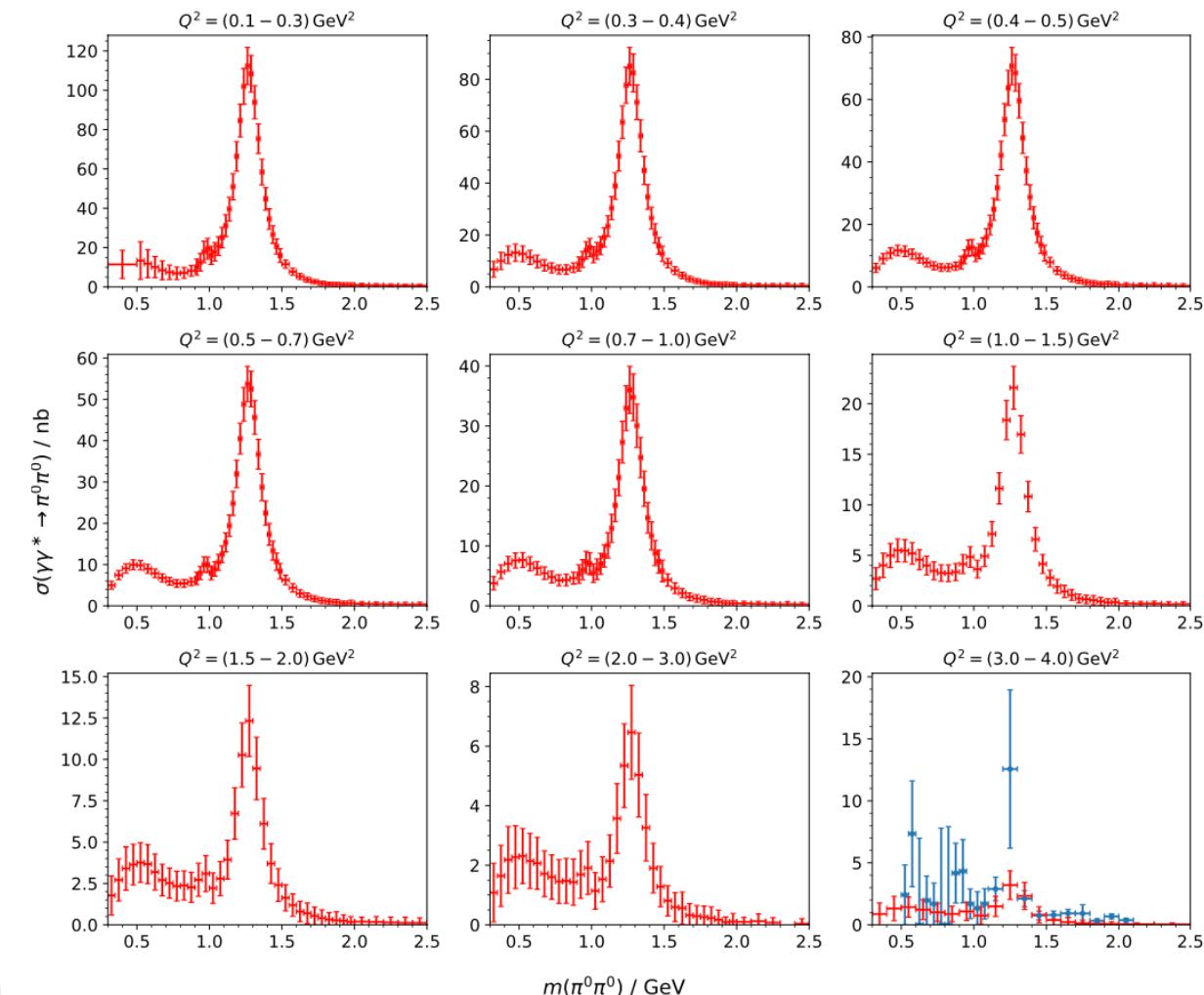
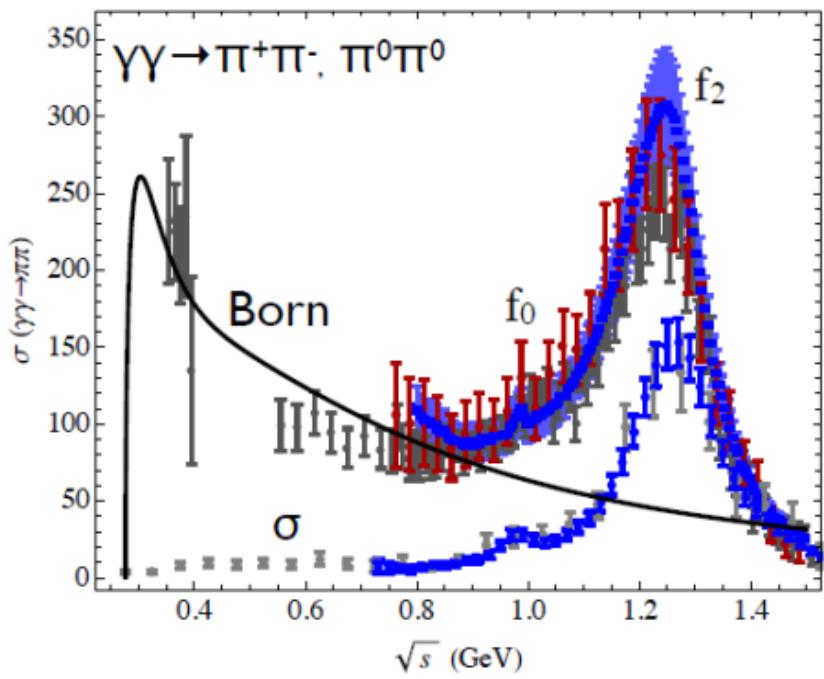
2408.03980 [hep-ex]

Two photon physics at BESIII



$$N_{eeX} = \mathcal{L} \int \frac{dF}{dW} \sigma_{\gamma\gamma \rightarrow X}(W) dW$$

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi\pi$ Belle



$\gamma\gamma^* \rightarrow \pi\pi$ BESIII in progress MC plots
[Max Lellmann Mainz]

Summary

- ISR
- Radiative decays of J/ψ
- Semileptonic D,D_s decays using double tag
- Two gamma physics
- η' factory (4.5×10^7 events)
- New physics searches