A detailed 3D wireframe model of the FAIR accelerator complex, showing various rings and beamlines. A large, prominent ring is in the foreground, while other smaller rings and structures are visible in the background.

Inclusive production of η and ω in pp@4.5GeV with HADES

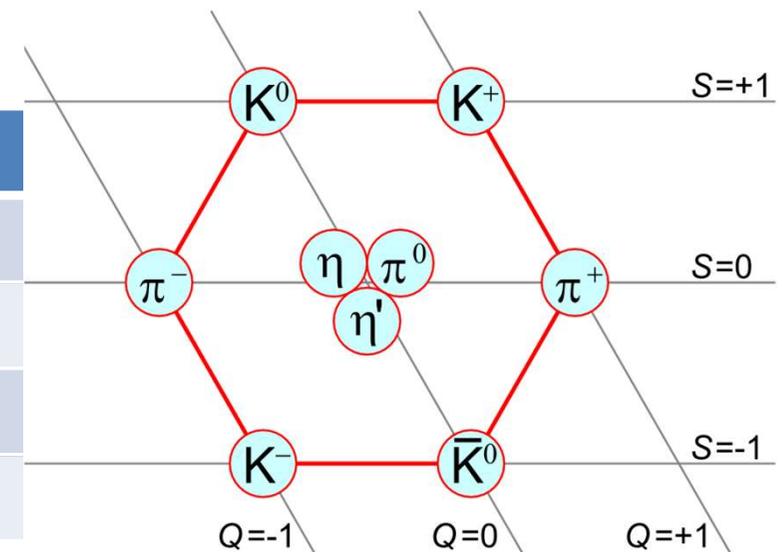
Adam Strach

Supervised by
Piotr Salabura and Izabela Ciepał

- Neutral pseudoscalar meson.
- Mass of (547.862 ± 0.017) MeV [PDG]
- $I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^+(0^{-+})$
- η quark content: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(u\bar{u} + d\bar{d} - 2s\bar{s})$

Decay channel	Branching ratio
$\gamma\gamma$	$(39.36 \pm 0.18)\%$
$3\pi^0$	$(32.57 \pm 0.21)\%$
$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	$(23.02 \pm 0.25)\%$
$\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$	$(4.28 \pm 0.07)\%$

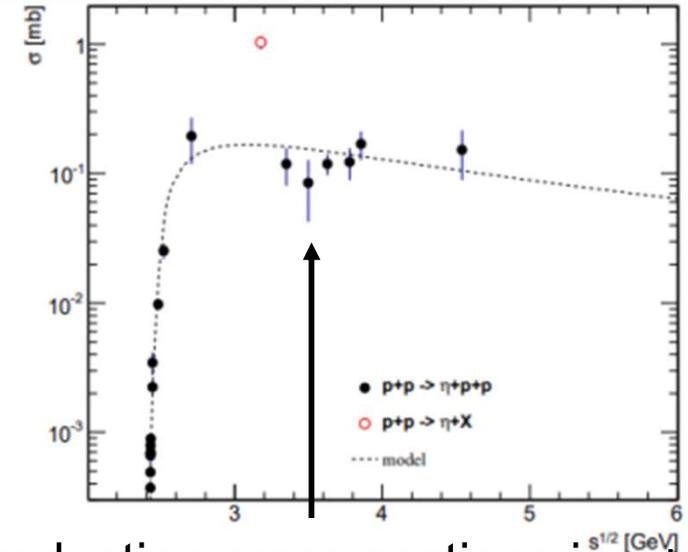
Table of most popular η decay channels [PDG]



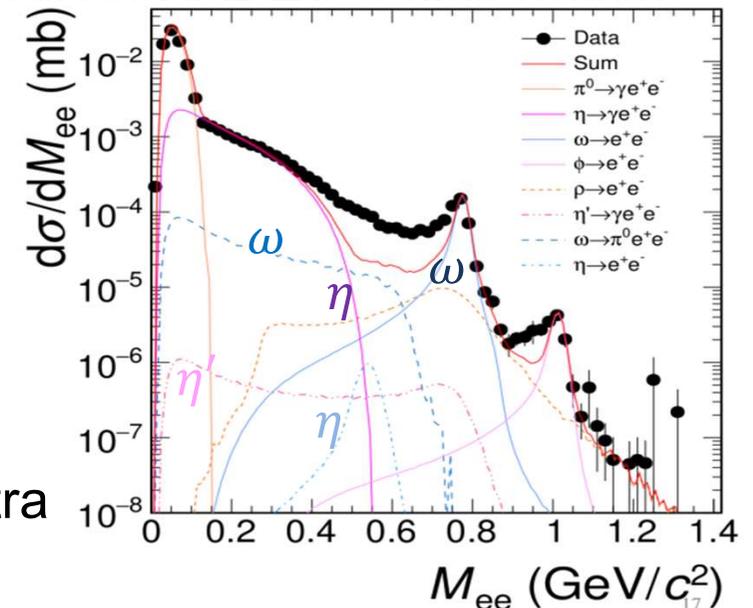
Nonet of pseudoscalar mesons [Wikipedia]

Importance of η

- Product of many mesons and baryon resonances decay:
 - $\eta' \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$
 - $a_0 \rightarrow \eta\pi$
 - $N^*(1535) \rightarrow N\eta$ and other N^*
- Cross section is important input for transport model calculations of p+p, p+A, A+A interactions (Feb 2022 p+p in HADES $\sqrt{s} = 3.46$ GeV)
- Inclusive cross section of η and η' is important for di-electron invariant mass spectra.
- Production mechanism of η and η'



η production cross sections in p+p
Source: HADES Collaboration

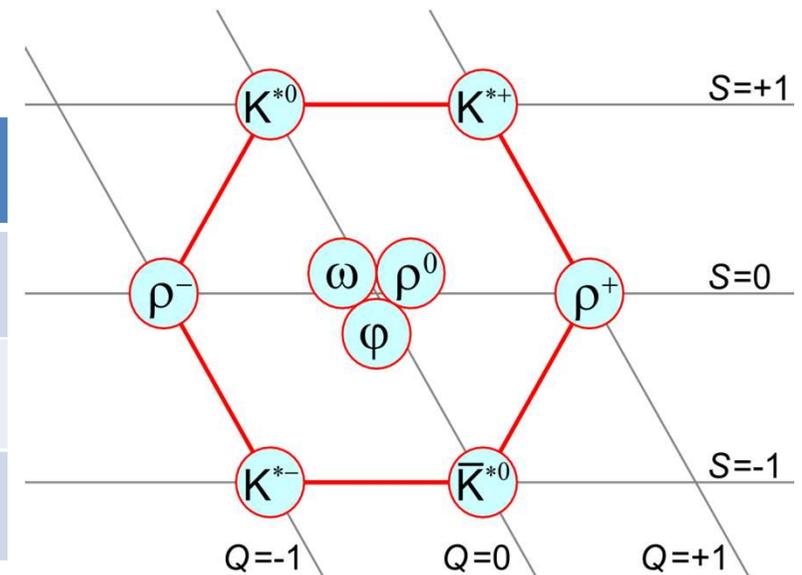


di-electron invariant mass spectra
Rayane Abou Yassine

- Neutral vector meson
- Mass of (782.65 ± 0.12) MeV [PDG]
- $I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^-(1^{--})$
- ω quark content: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(u\bar{u} + d\bar{d})$

Decay channel	Branching ratio
$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	$(89.2 \pm 0.7)\%$
$\pi^0\gamma$	$(8.28 \pm 0.28)\%$
$\pi^+\pi^-$	$(1.53^{+0.11}_{-0.13})\%$

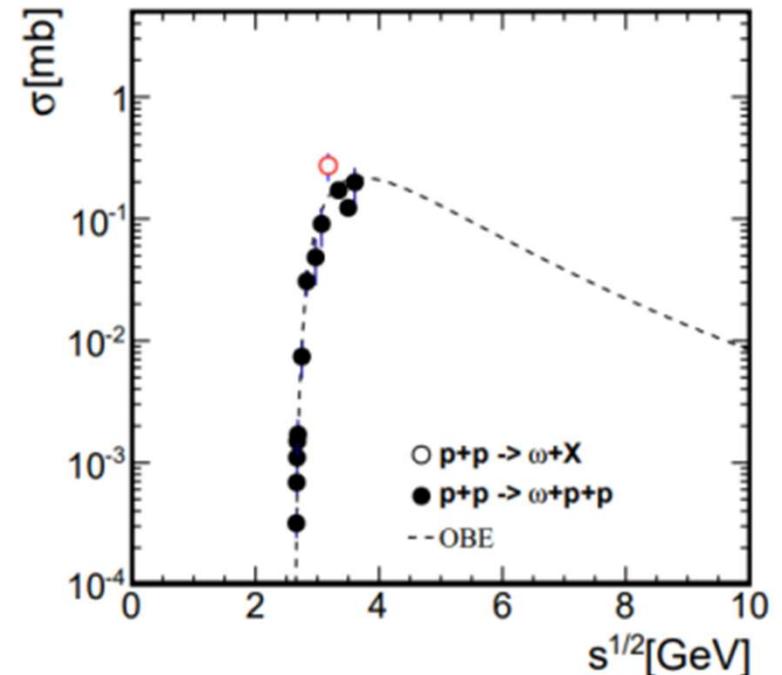
Table of most popular ω Decay channels [PDG]



Nonet of vector mesons [Wikipedia]

Importance of ω

- ω is a product of many neutral and exotic mesons and some baryon resonances decay:
 - $\eta' \rightarrow \omega\gamma$
 - $b_1 \rightarrow \omega\pi^+$
 - $N^*(1880) \rightarrow N\omega$
- Studies of ω interactions with nuclear matter
- Both η and ω decay parameters are used in development of chiral effective field theory and lattice QCD

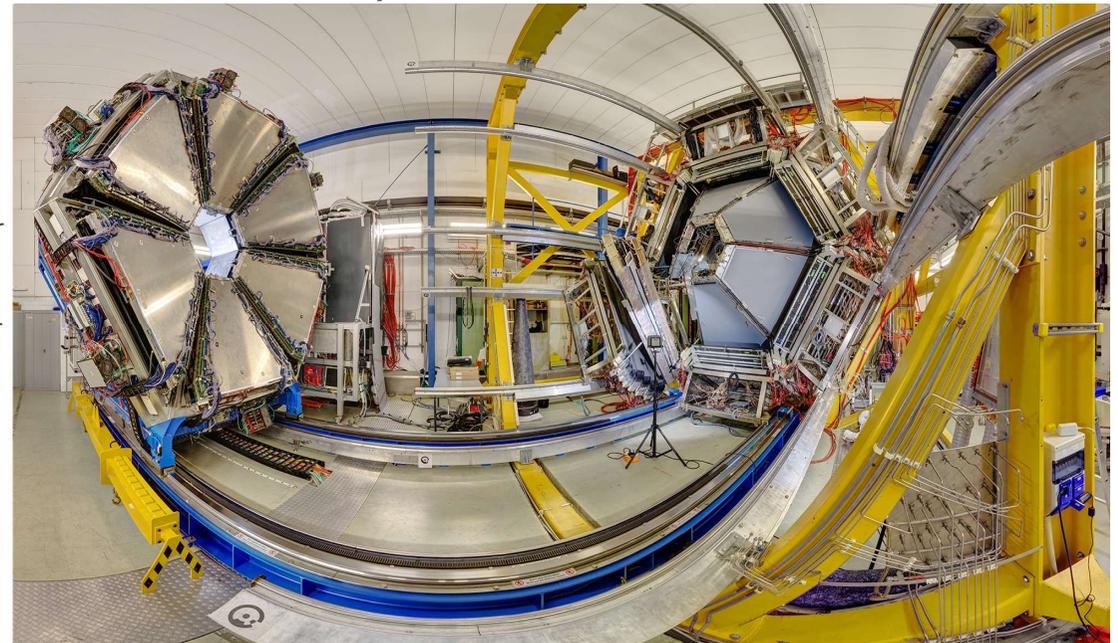
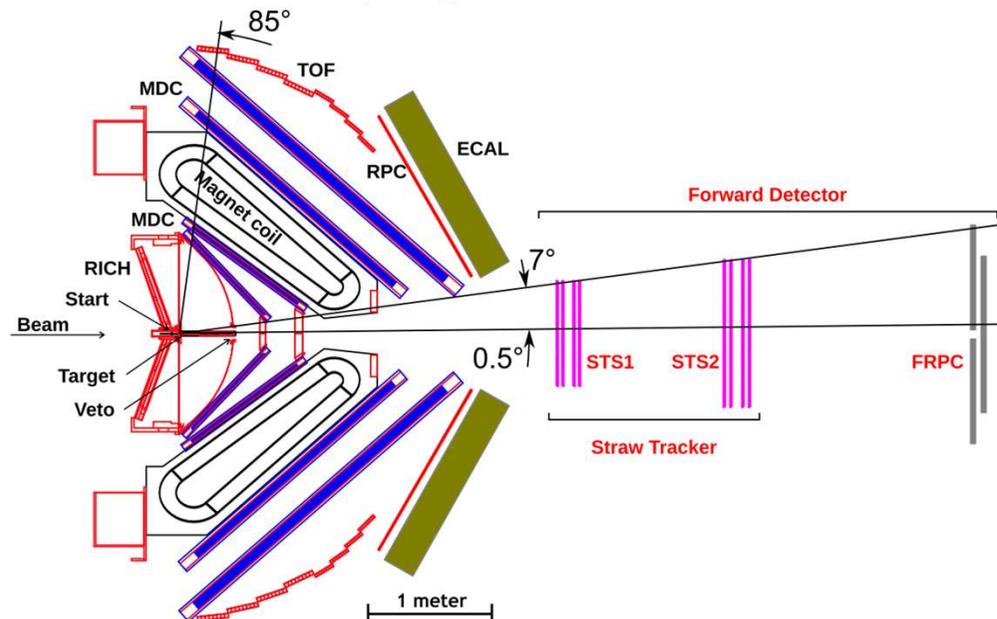


Cross sections of the ω meson production in p+p collisions.

Source: HADES Collaboration

HADES experiment

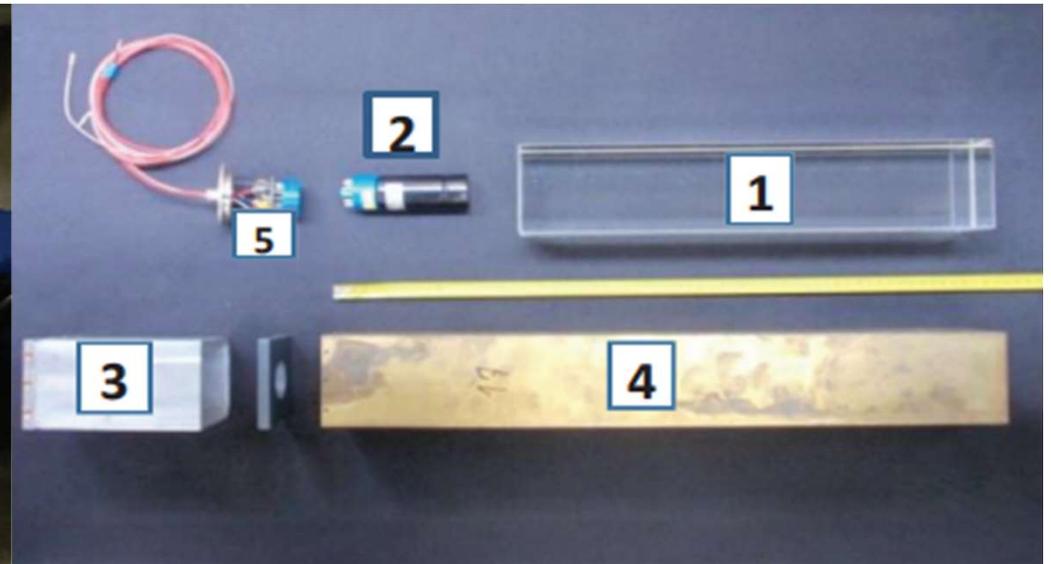
- HADES - High Acceptance DiElectron Spectrometer) is a fixed target experiment
- Located at GSI Helmholtzzentrum für Schwerionenforschung in Darmstadt
- Proton-proton (e.g. pp 4.5 GeV 2022 run) and heavy ions (e.g. Au+Au 1.23 AGeV 2012 run)



- Polar acceptance 10° to 45°
- 978 lead glass modules (divided into 6 sectors)
- For February 2022 run only 5 ECAL sectors were present



ECAL sector

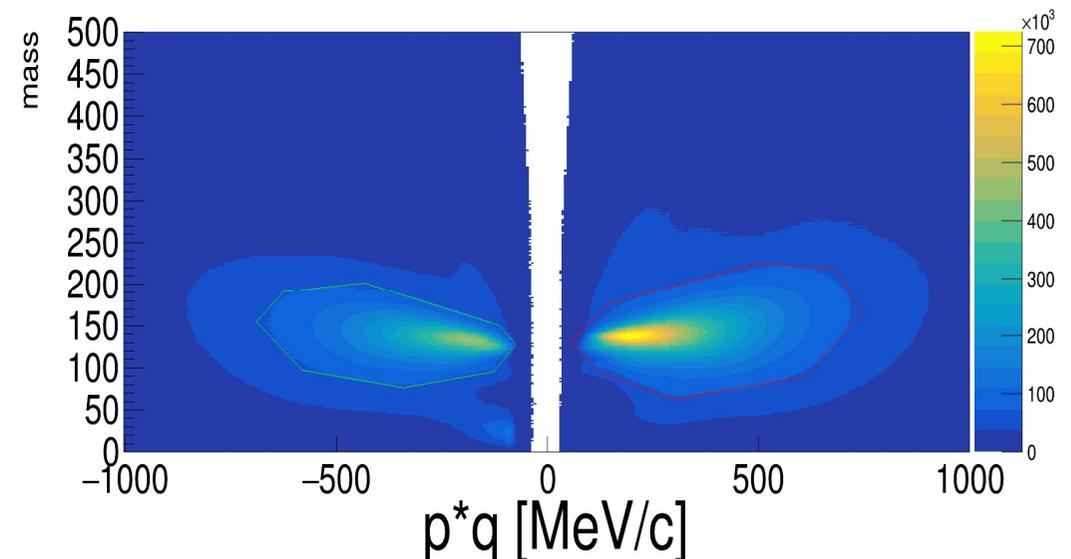
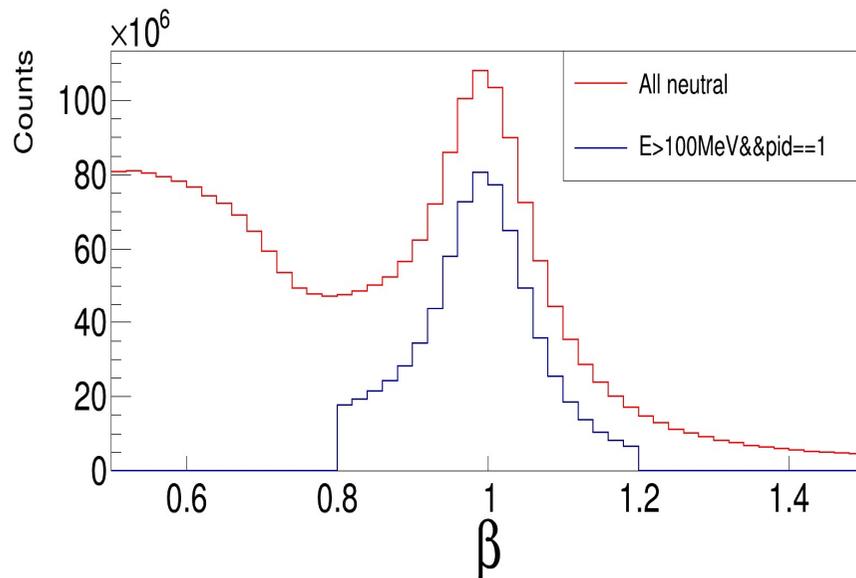


ECAL cell

- Particle selection conditions (at least 2 γ , 1 π^+ , 1 π^-)
- Resolution parametrization
- $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ kinematic refit with π^0 mass constraint
- η/ω reconstruction
- Estimation of inclusive cross section for η/ω production

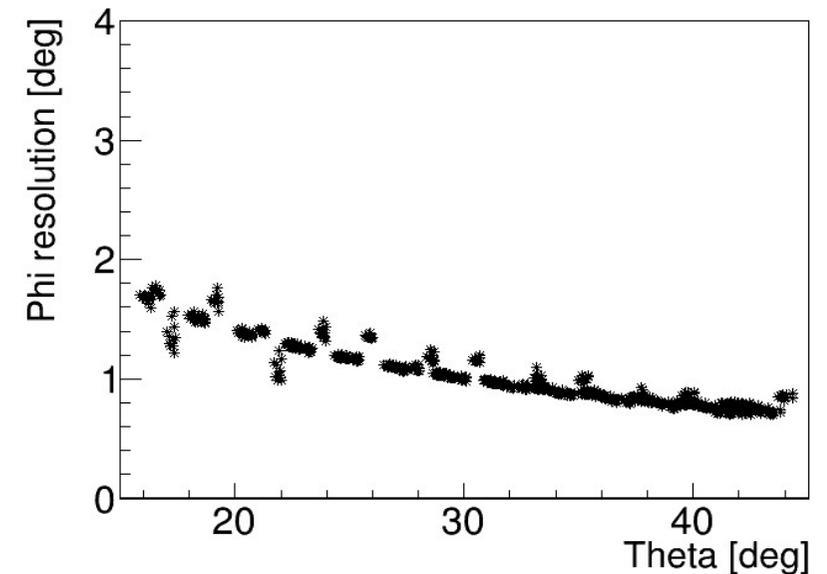
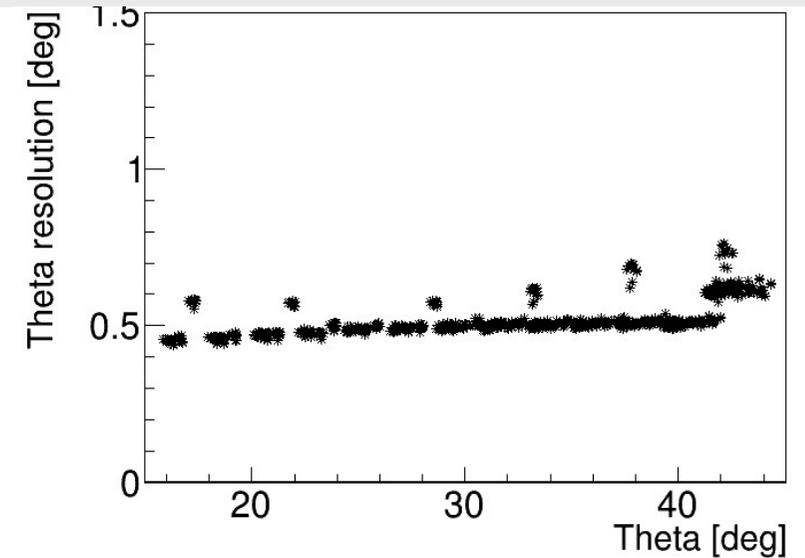
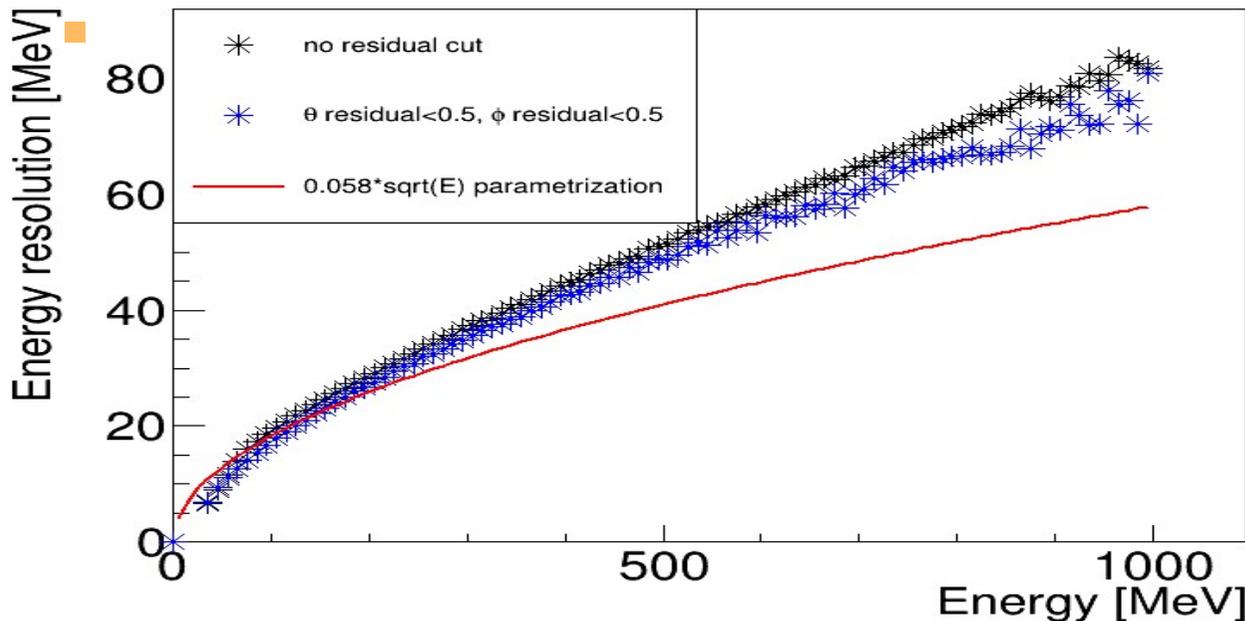
Particle selection conditions

- Photon selection: $E > 100$ MeV and $0.8 < \beta < 1.2$
- π^+ , π^- : graphical cuts on mass-charge*momentum spectrum
- Simulations (studies of kinematic refit performance):
 $pp \rightarrow pp\eta(\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$: 10^8 events
- Statistics corresponds to luminosity of $(6.47 \pm 0.06) \frac{1}{pb}$



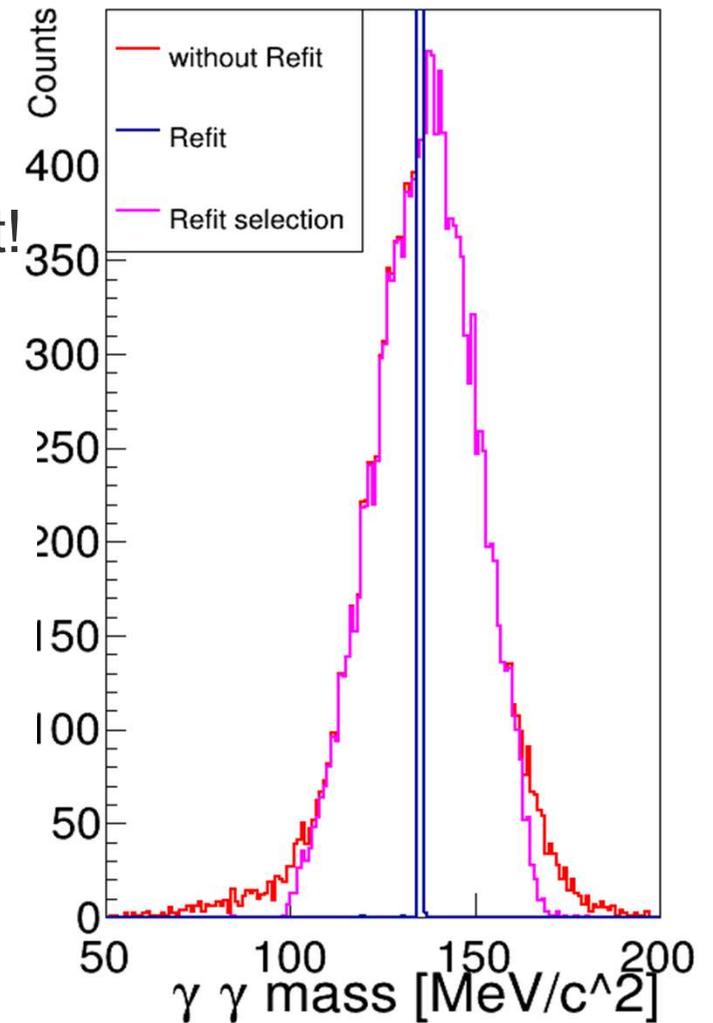
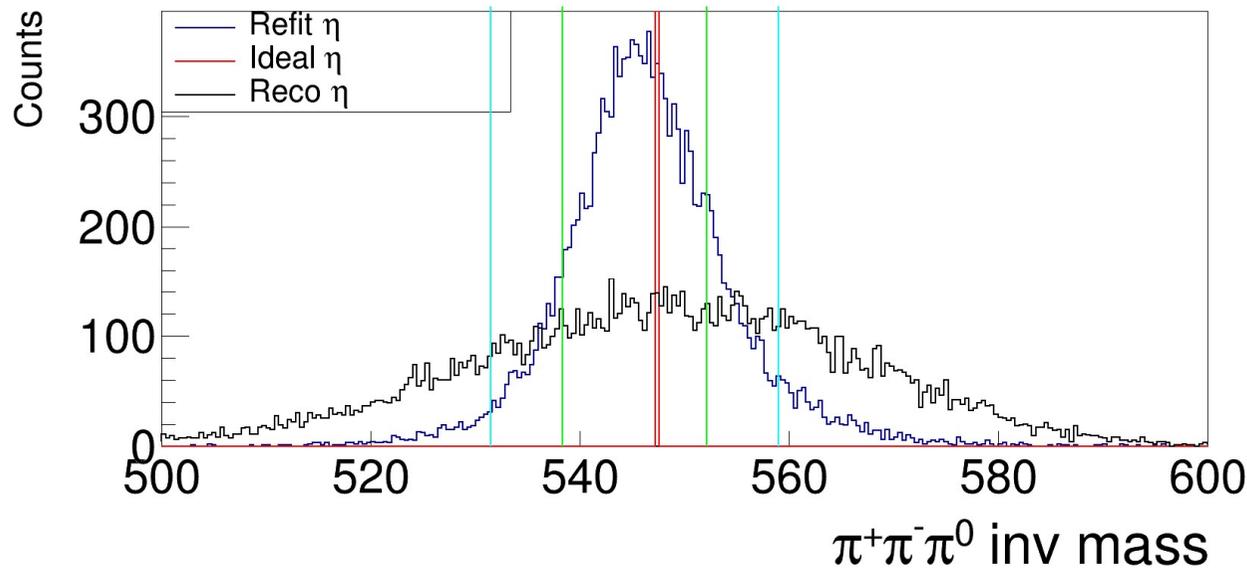
θ , ϕ and energy resolution

- θ , ϕ : cell-wise Monte Carlo parametrization
- Energy: Monte Carlo parametrization by dependence on energy
- Reference energy resolution: $5.8\% \sqrt{E}$ single cell measurement



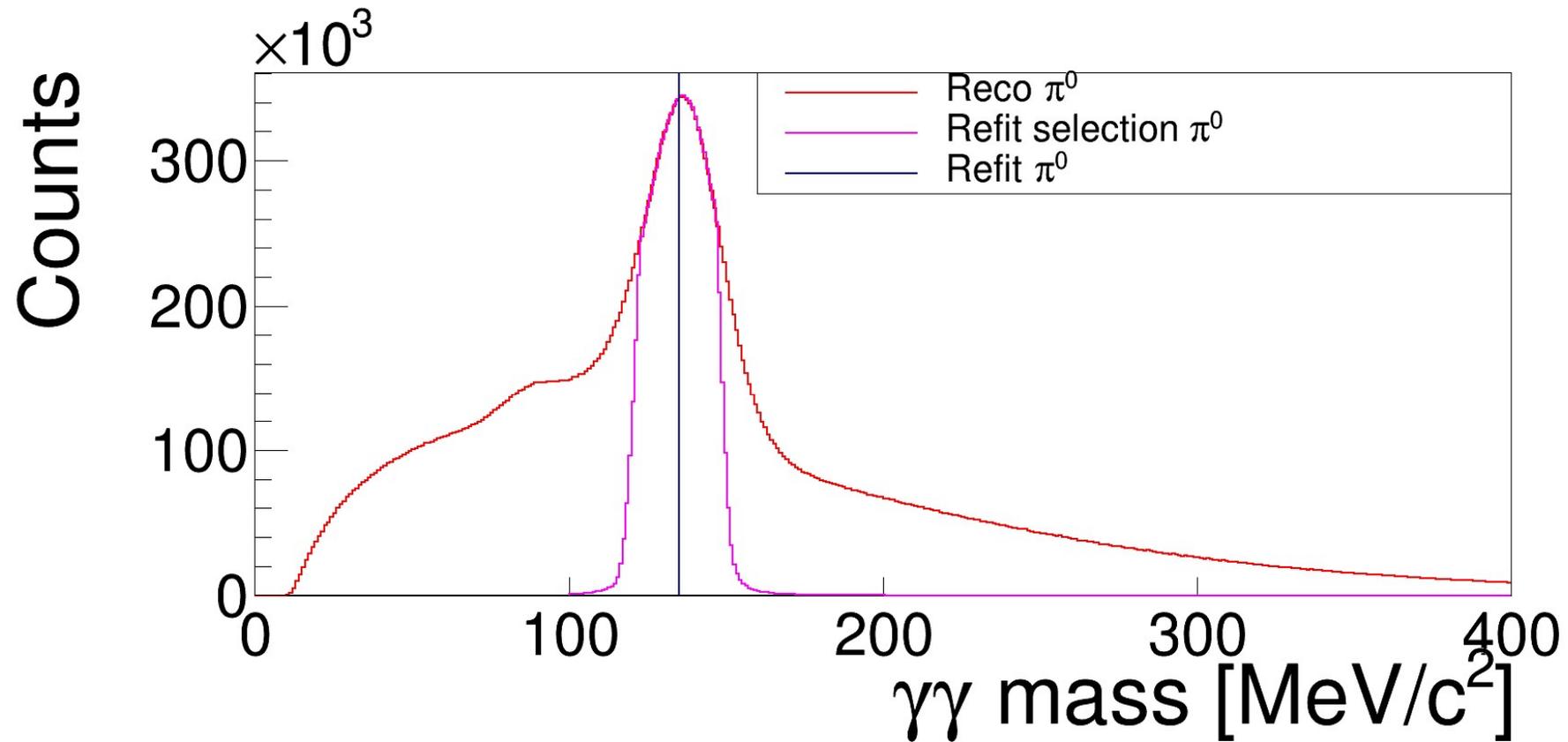
π^0 and η reconstruction-simulations

- π^0 mass reconstructed at correct PDG mass.
- Refit selected mass distribution is gaussian.
- Only primary γ from π^0 decay taken into account!



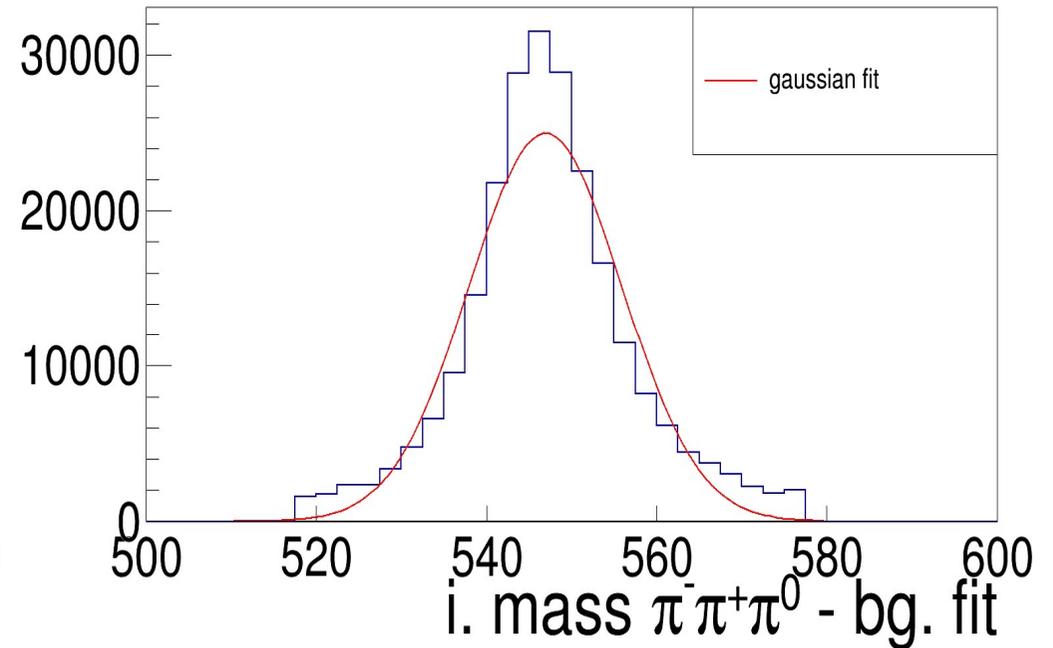
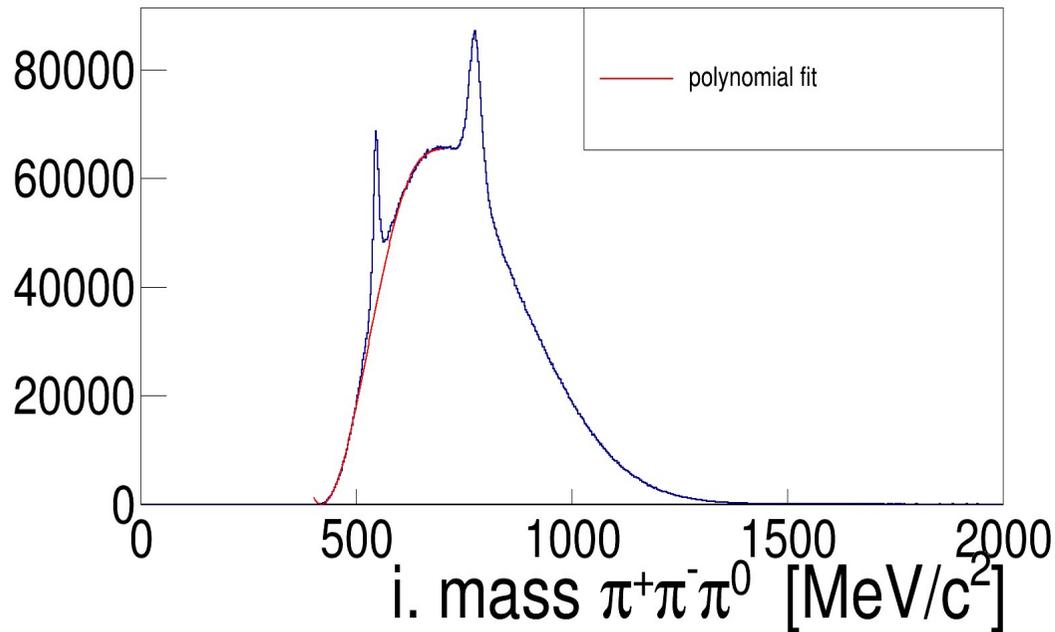
Refited η integrated in $\pm 1\sigma$ -10000 \Rightarrow procedure efficiency=0.01%

Refited η integrated in $\pm 2\sigma$ -14400 \Rightarrow procedure efficiency=0.0144%



- Large improvement in π_0 mass resolution.

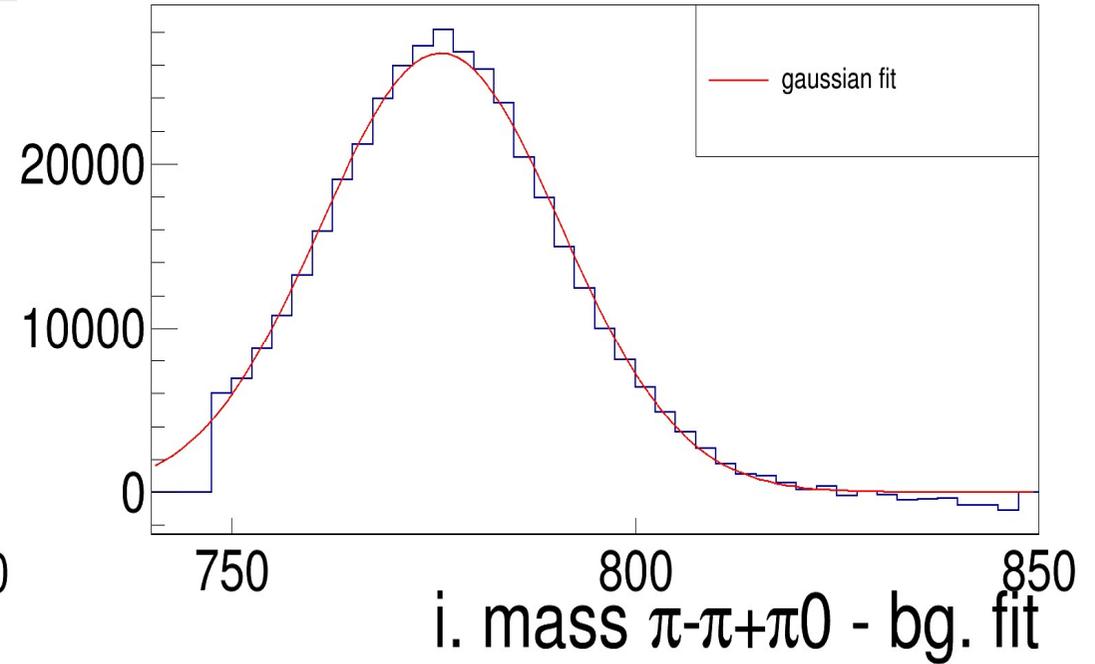
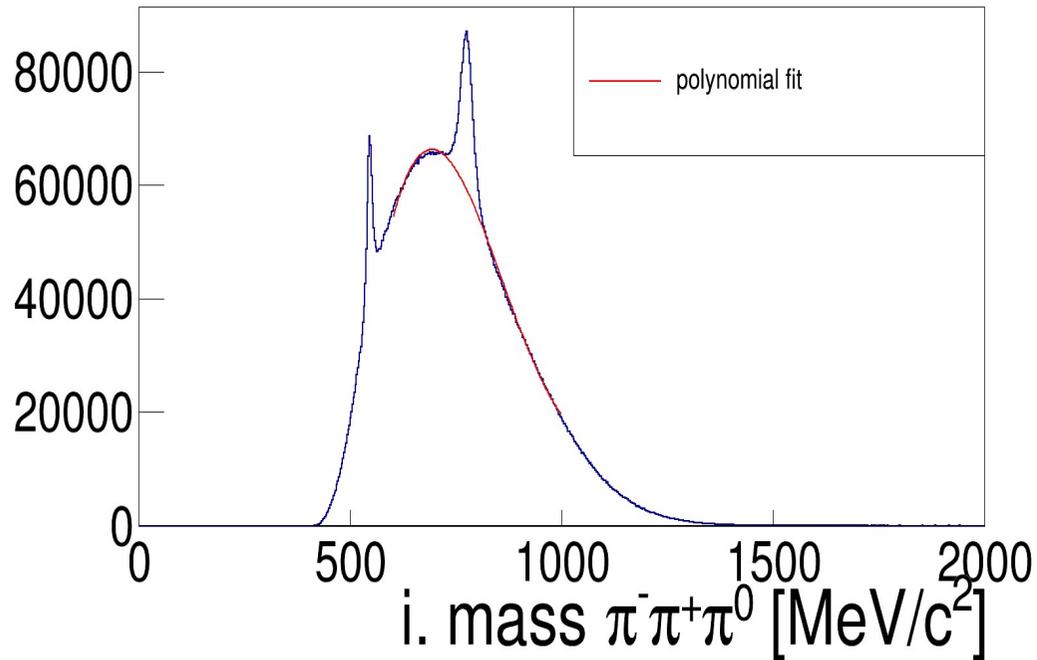
η reconstruction-data



- Background subtraction: fitting 3rd rank polynomial
- Gaussian fit result: $\mu_\eta = 547.26(10)$ $\sigma_\eta = 9.30(10)$
- PDG: $\mu_\eta = 547.862(17) \frac{\text{MeV}}{c^2}$

	η	σ_η
$\pm 1\sigma$	176000	1.15 mb
$\pm 2\sigma$	226000	1.72 mb

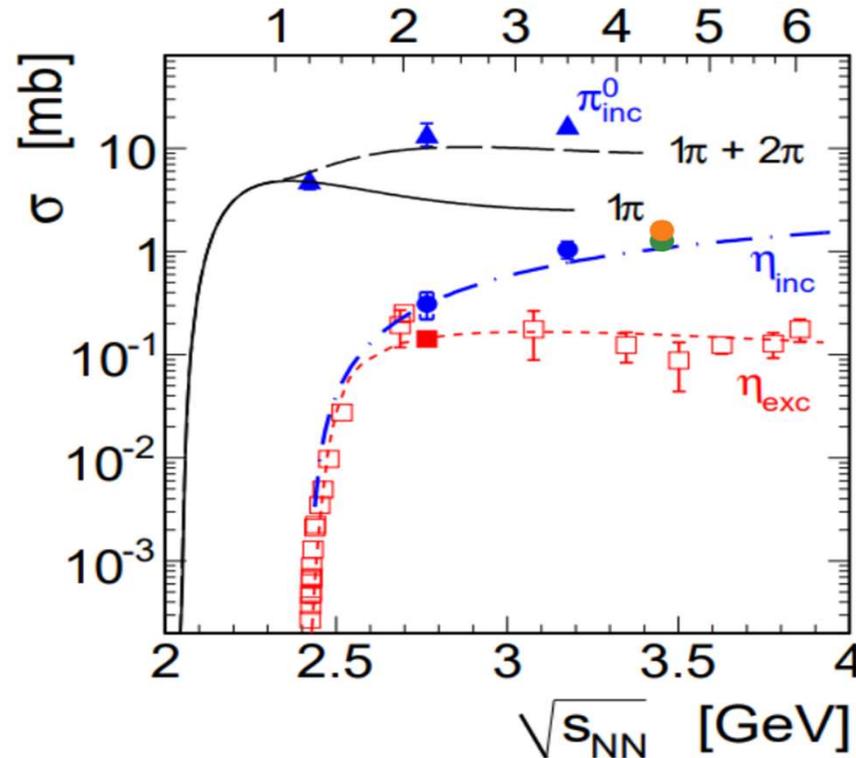
ω reconstruction



- Background subtraction: fitting 3rd rank polynomial
- Gaussian fit result: $\mu_\omega = 776.77(14)$ $\sigma_\omega = 15.00(12)$
- PDG: $\mu_\omega = 782.65(12) \frac{MeV}{c^2}$

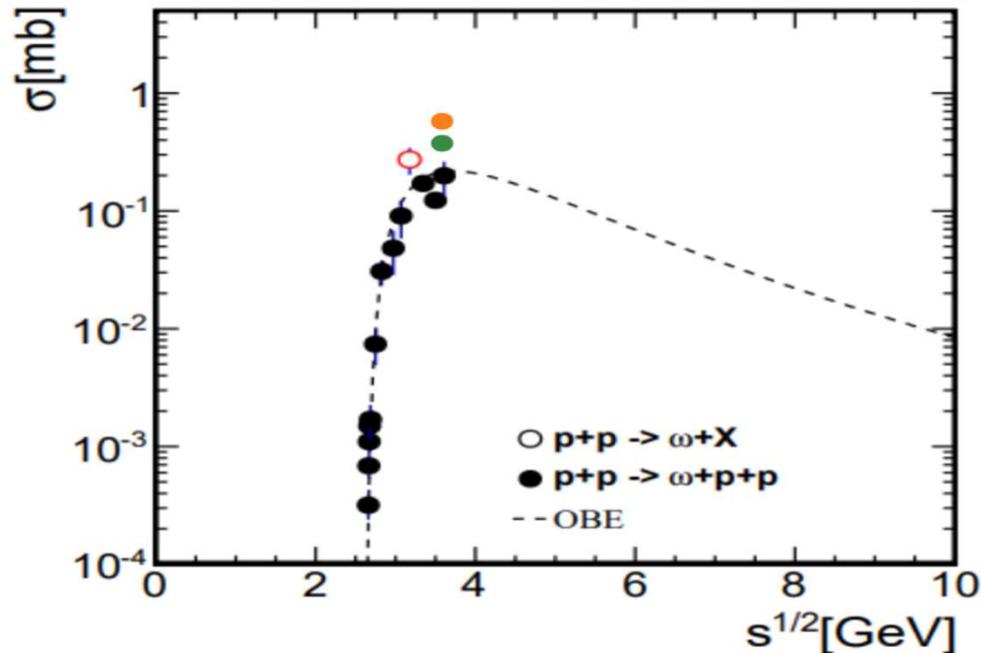
	ω	σ_ω
$\pm 1\sigma$	371000	0.381 mb
$\pm 2\sigma$	479000	0.573 mb

η preliminary cross section



- Cross sections for π^0 and η production in p-p collisions at various \sqrt{s} .
- Our results for $\pm 1\sigma$ and $\pm 2\sigma$ presented as green and orange circles respectively
- Other HADES data presented as solid triangles, circles squares.
- The dot-dashed blue curve: parametrization of inclusive η production from [W. Cassing A. Sibirtsev and U. Mosel].
- Figure [G. Agakishiev et al.].

ω preliminary cross section



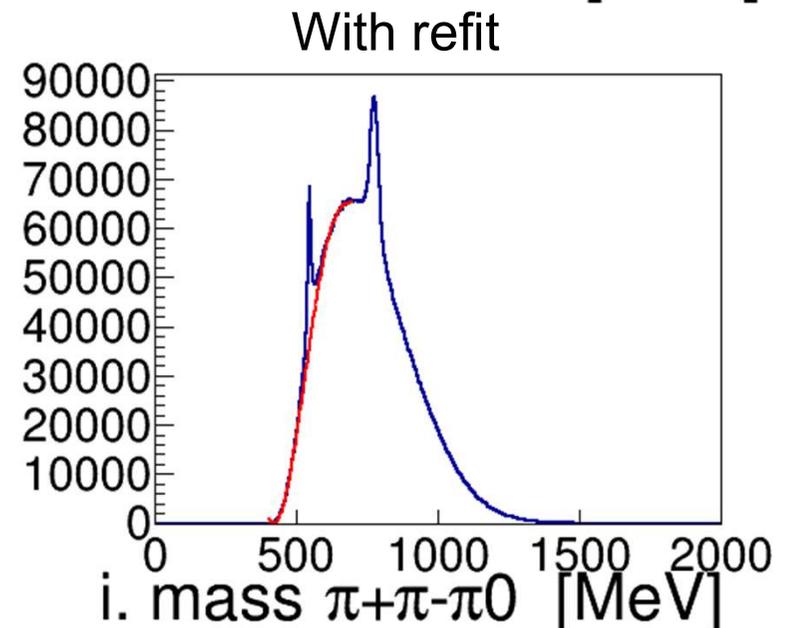
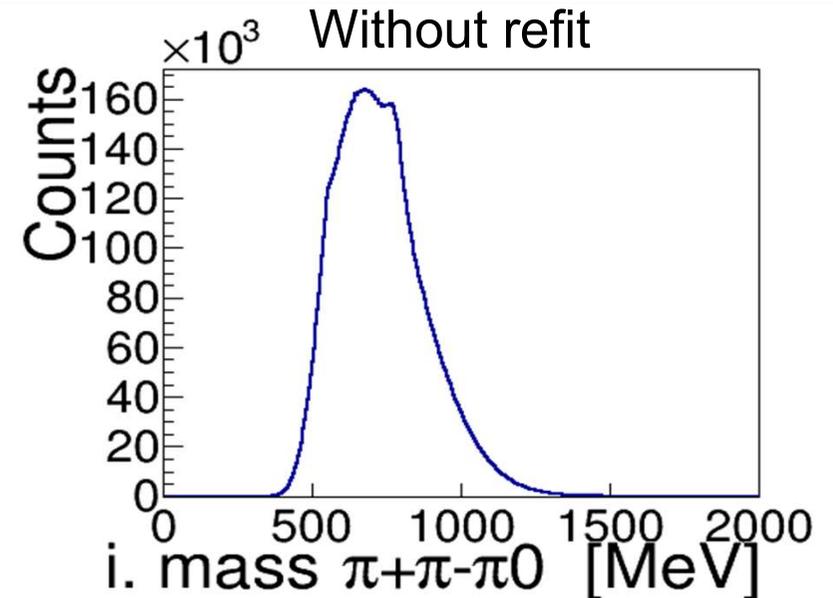
- Cross sections for ω production production in p-p collisions at various \sqrt{s} .
- Our results for $\pm 1\sigma$ and $\pm 2\sigma$ presented as green and orange circles respectively
- Red empty circle is the HADES result obtained in pp@3.5 GeV.
- The dashed curve refers to the OBE calculations for the exclusive channels [W. Cassing A. Sibirtsev and U. Mosel].
- Figure [HADES Collaboration].

Summary and outlook

- New resolution parametrization for ECAL developed successfully
- Significantly improved eta/omega resolution
- Preliminary cross section has been obtained, they are consistent with previous measurement

Outlook

- Studies of systematic error
- Multi-differential cross sections for η and ω
- $\eta' \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$ with $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ or $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

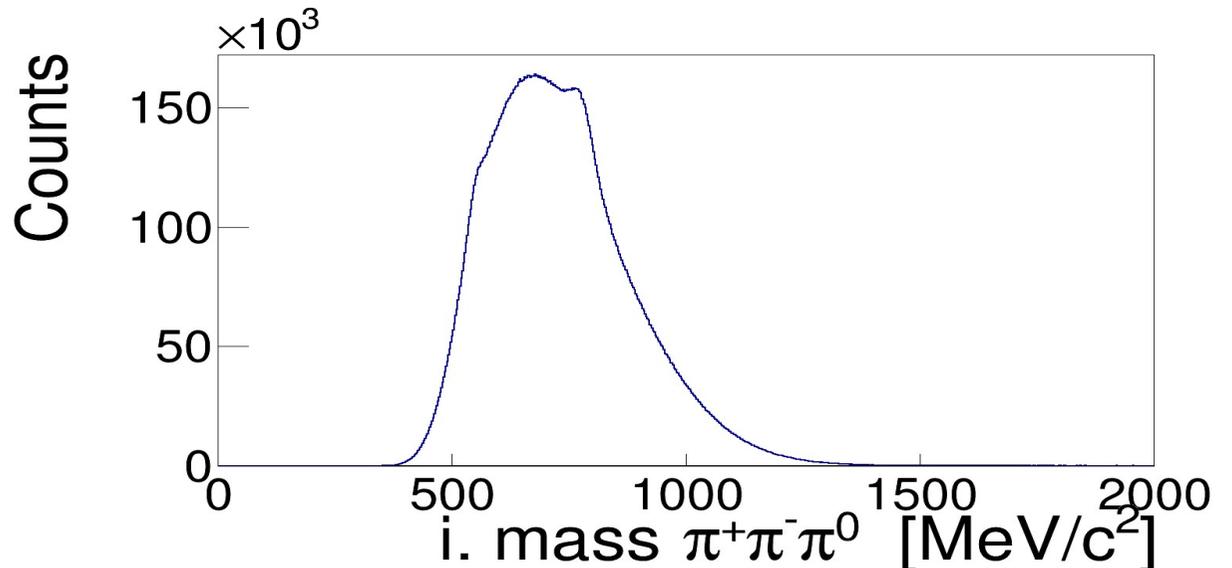
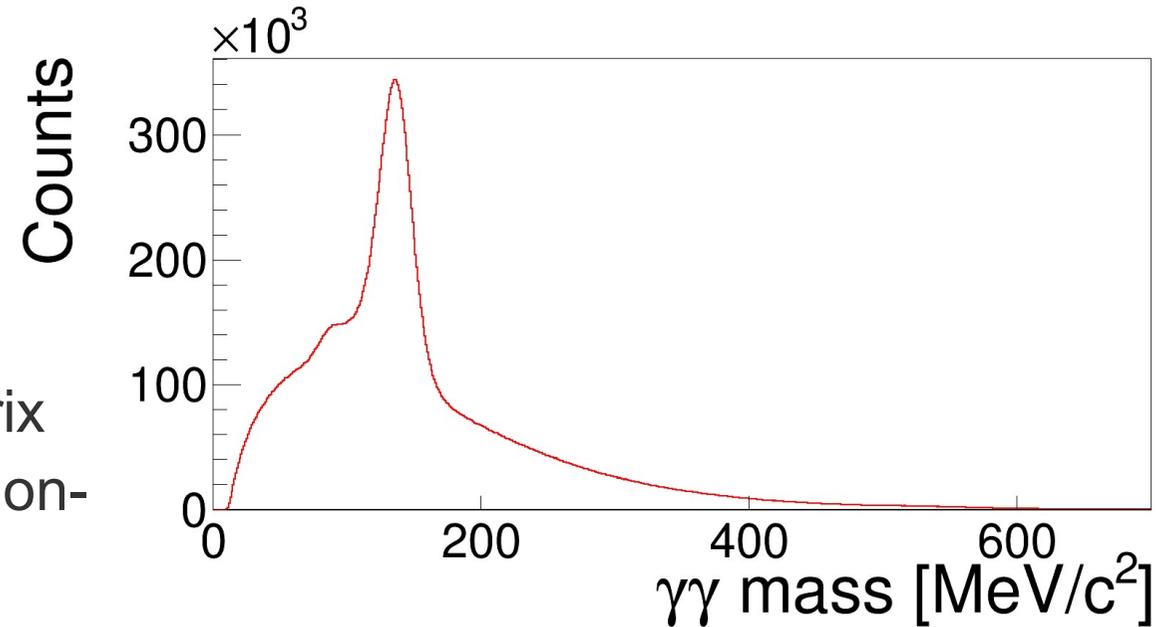


BACKUP

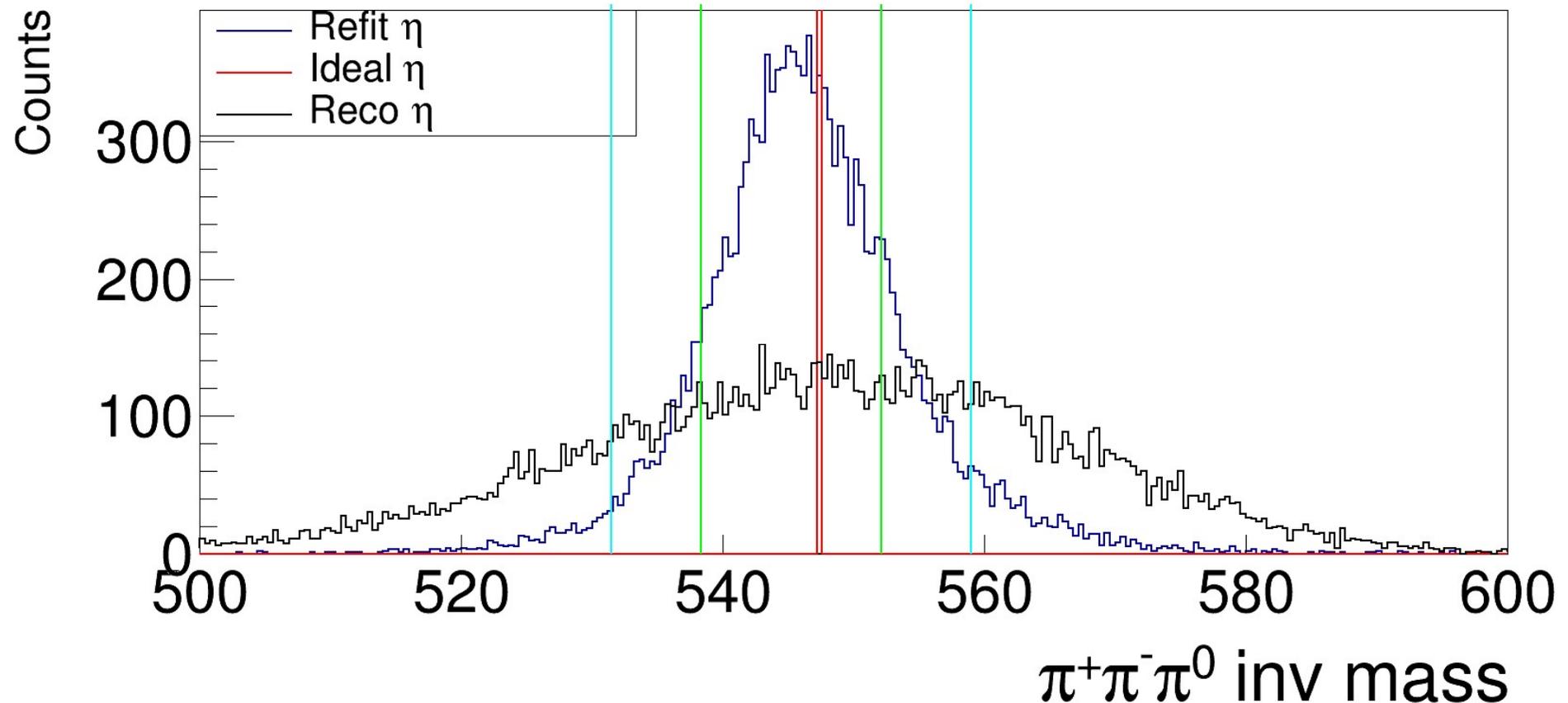


Motivations of kinematic fit usage

- $\eta/\omega \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0 [\rightarrow \gamma\gamma]$
 $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ lowers η/ω mass resolution
- $\chi^2 = (\vec{y} - \vec{x})^T V^{-1} (\vec{y} - \vec{x})$
 \vec{x} -measured, \vec{y} -estimated quantities, V -resolution matrix
- $\vec{g}(y, \eta) = 0$ constraint equation-
 $|\vec{y}_1 + \vec{y}_2| = m_{\pi^0}$
- Kinematic fit procedure:
 χ^2 minimized with
 $\vec{g}(y, \eta) = 0$ condition
- Variables used:
 - E-energy
 - θ -polar angle
 - Φ -azimuthal angle

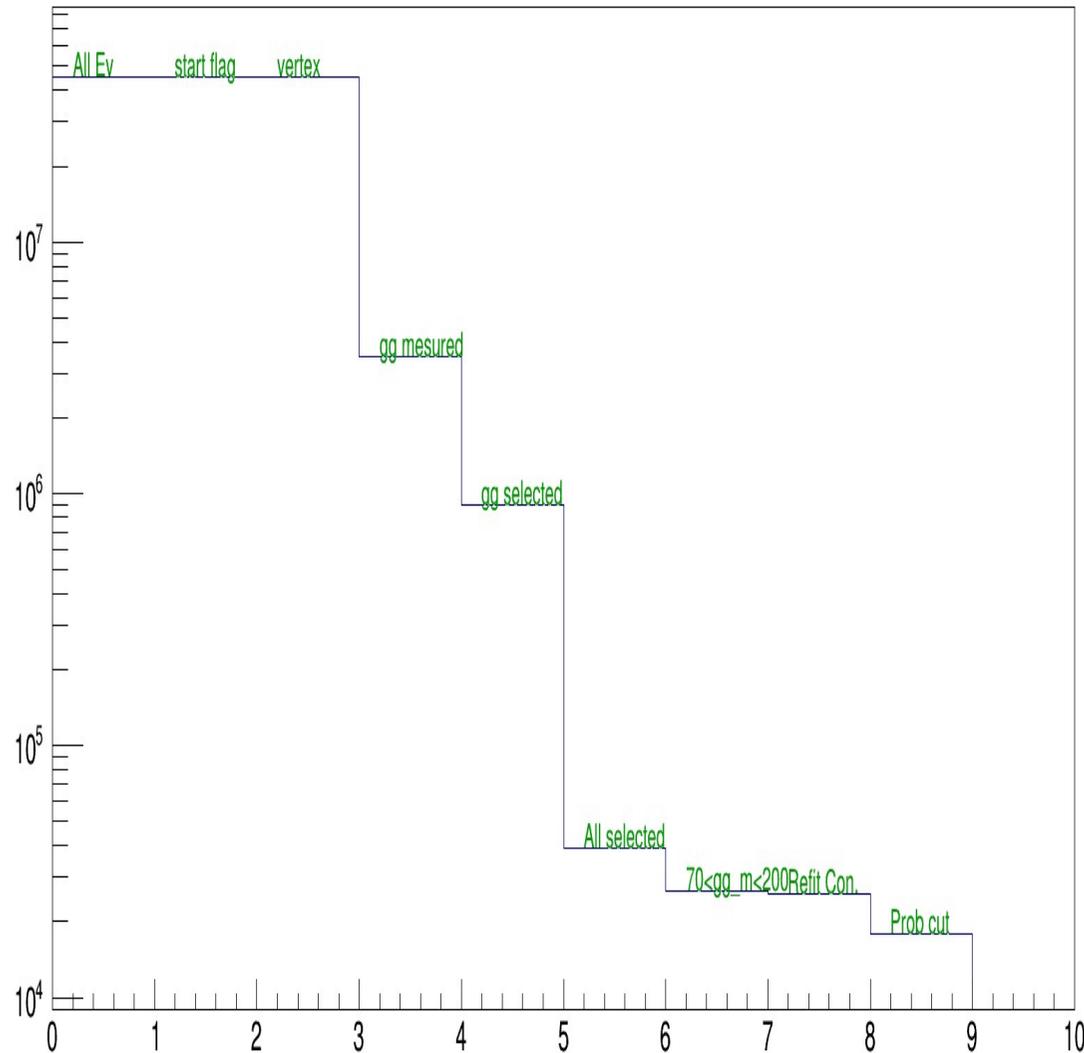


η mass reconstruction-simulations



Refited η integrated in $\pm 1\sigma$ -10000 \Rightarrow procedure efficiency=0.01%

Refited η integrated in $\pm 2\sigma$ -14400 \Rightarrow procedure efficiency=0.0144%



Gg-measured-at least 2 γ measured
Gg-selected-at least 2 γ measured with $E > 100$ and $0.8 < \beta < 1.2$
All selected- at least 2 γ selcted and at least 1 π^+ and π^- inside graph cuts
70 < gg_m < 200- 70 MeV/c² < $\gamma\gamma$ inv mass < 200 MeV/c²
Reift con.- refit procedure converged
Prob cut-prob of refit > 5%