J-P/IRC

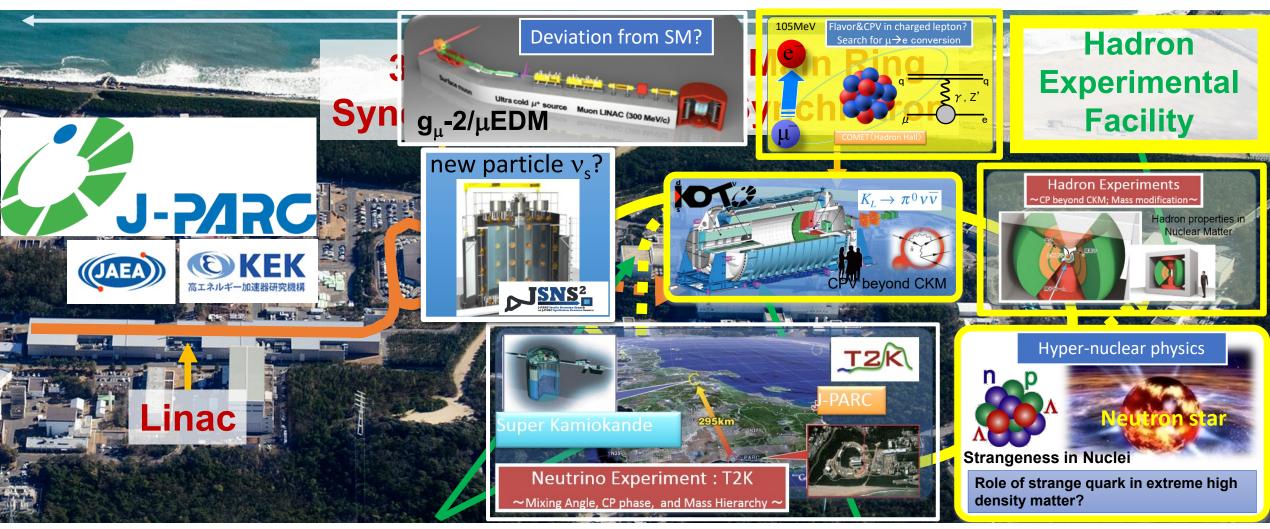
Japan Proton Accelerator Research Complex



Neutrino Experimental Facility

Material and Life Science Experimental Facility

Particle and Nuclear Physics @ J-PARC



Neutrino Experimental Facility

Material and Life Science Experimental Facility

Origin & Evolution of Matter

Matter-Antimatter
Symmetry



Flavor Physics

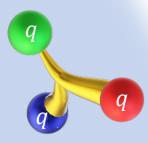
CP violation weak interaction → new physics

Kaon rare decays $\mu \rightarrow e$ conversion

matter dominated universe

Origin of Matter Creation

formation of hadrons from quarks



Hadron Physics

quark interactions
hadron mass-generation mechanism
Hadron spectroscopy
Meson in nuclei

Matter in Extreme Conditions

dense matter in neutron stars

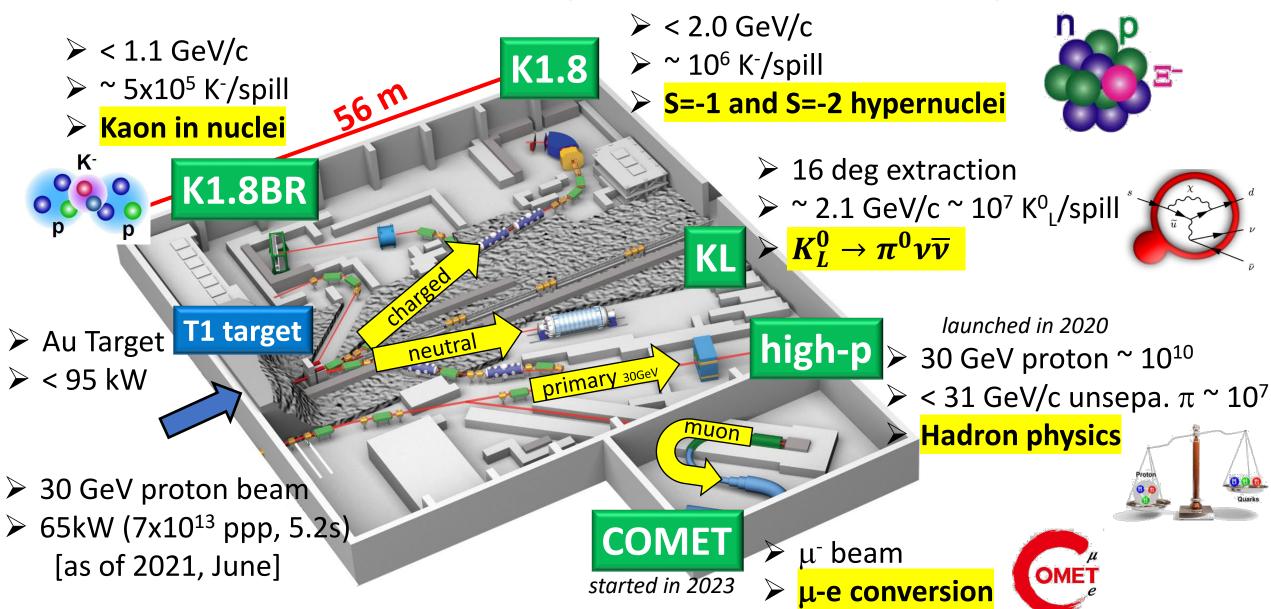


Strangeness Nuclear Physics

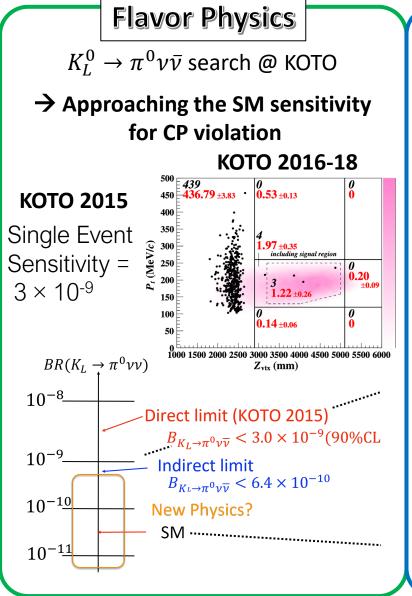
hadron interactions hadronic many-body systems

Hyperon-Nucleon scattering
Hypernuclear spectroscopy

Present Hadron Experimental Facility (HEF)



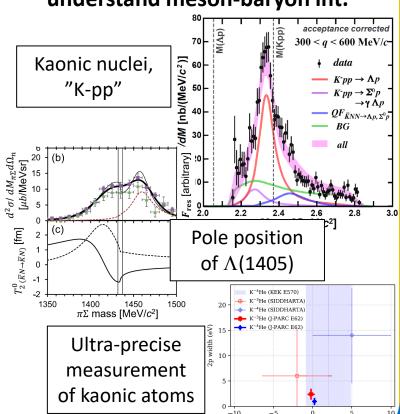
Achievements in research at the Hadron Experimental Facility



Hadron Physics

Observation of an exotic hadron bound system including K⁻ meson

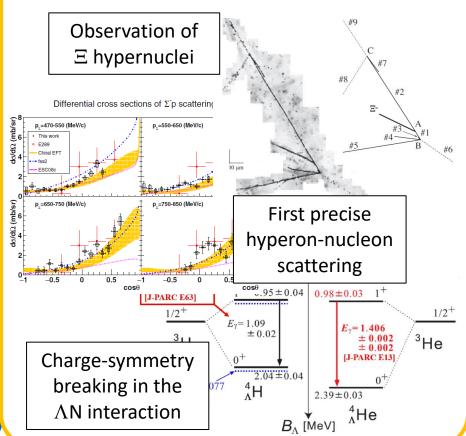
→ Established a new direction to understand meson-baryon int.



Strangeness Nuclear Physics

A lot of progress in hypernuclear research

→ Clarified attractive S=–2 Ξ N interaction and deepened S=–1 Λ N, Σ N interactions

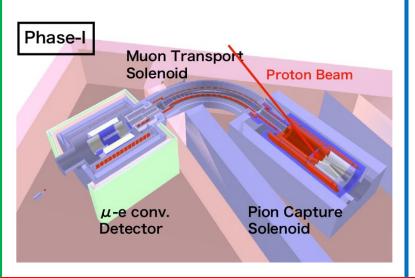


Further research directions at the Hadron Experimental Facility

Flavor Physics

Search for $\mu \rightarrow e$ conversion @ COMET (2023~)

→ Search for charged lepton flavor violation



Hadron Physics

Measurement of spectral modification of ϕ meson in nuclei (2020 $^{\sim}$)

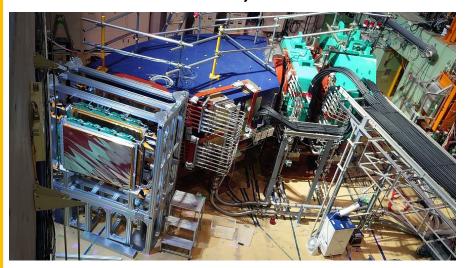
→ Attack mass-generation mechanism of hadrons



Strangeness Nuclear Physics

High-resolution spectroscopic study of $S=-2 \Xi$ -hypernuclei (2023 $^{\sim}$)

 \rightarrow Provide accurate and systematic information on ΞN , $\Lambda\Lambda$ interactions



Futher research

 $K_L^0 \to \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ search with further sensitivity

→ Explore beyond the SM sensitivity

Futher research

Charmed and muti-strange baryon spectroscopies

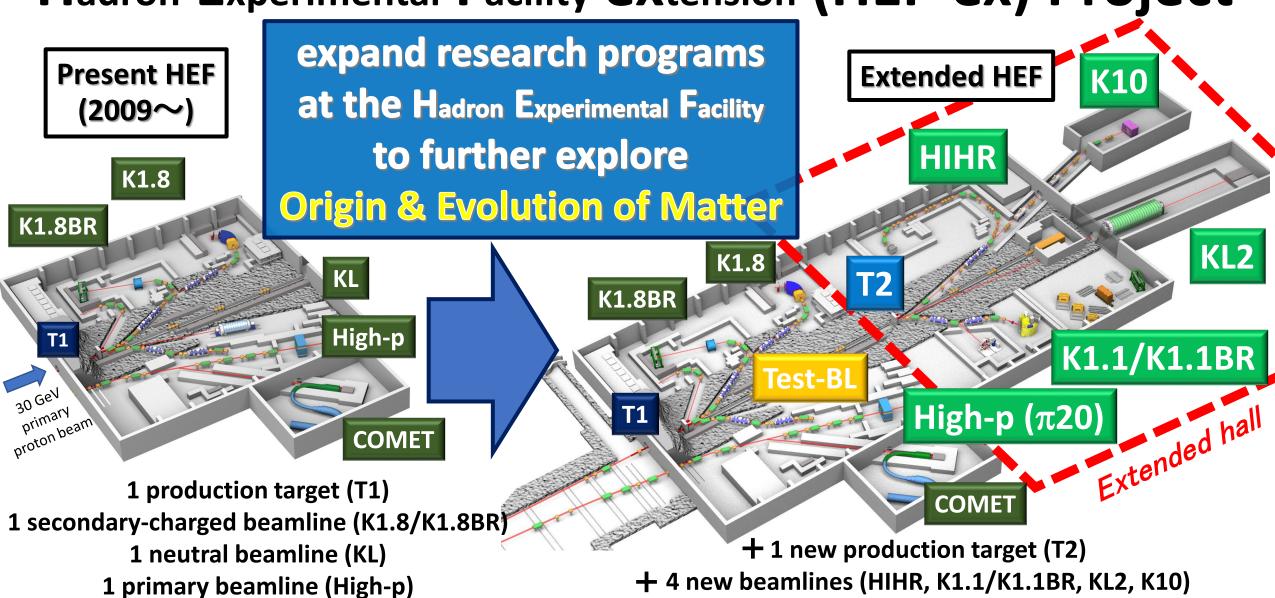
→ Establish diquark in baryon

Futher research

Ultra-precise spectroscopy of S=-1 hypernuclei with a state-of-the-art spectrometer

 \rightarrow Extract density dependence of ΛN int.

Hadron Experimental Facility extension (HEF-ex) Project



1 muon beamline (COMET)

2 updated beamlines (High-p (π 20), Test-BL)

Present Status of the Extension Project

listed as a candidate for government funding:

► MEXT Roadmap 2020

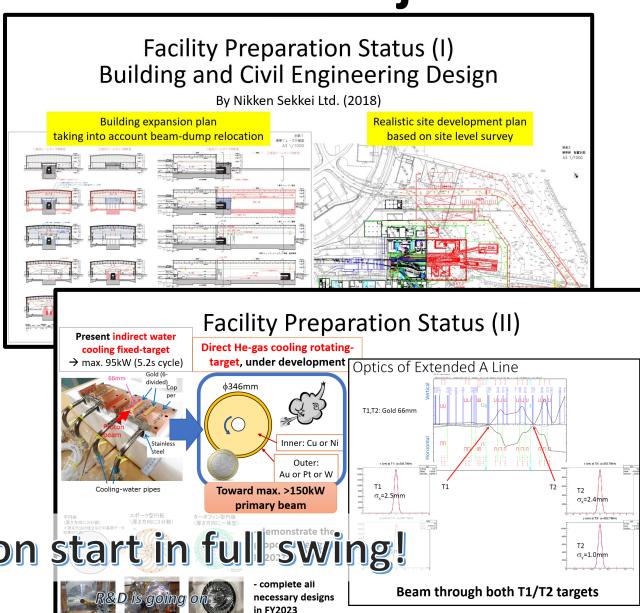
2011, 2014, 2017

Science Council of Japan Master Plan 2020



The project was selected as **the top- priority project** to be budgeted in
the KEK's mid-term plan (FY2022-26)
at KEK-PIP2022 (Project Implementation Plan)





9

Extract density dependent ΛN interaction



Ultra-high-resolution Λ hypernuclei spectroscopy



• intense dispersion matched π beam

Systematic ΛN scattering measurement

• intense polarized Λ beam

Investigate diquarks in baryons

high-p (π20) **High-resolution charm baryon spectroscopy**

• intense high-momentum π beam

K10

High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

intense high-momentum separated K beam

Search for new physics beyond the SM

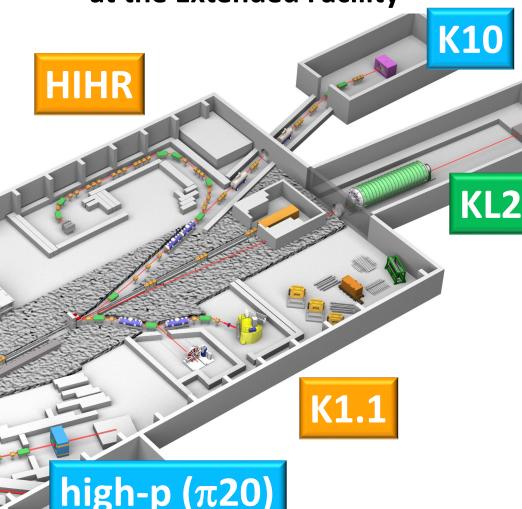


Most sensitive $K_L^0 o \pi^0
u \overline{
u}$ measurement

intense neutral K beam

Expanded Research Programs

at the Extended Facility



Extract density dependent ΛN interaction



Ultra-high-resolution Λ hypernuclei spectroscopy



• intense dispersion matched π beam

Systematic ΛN scattering measurement

• intense polarized Λ beam

Investigate diquarks in baryons

high-p (π20) High-resolution charm baryon spectroscopy

• intense high-momentum π beam

High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

• intense high-momentum separated K beam

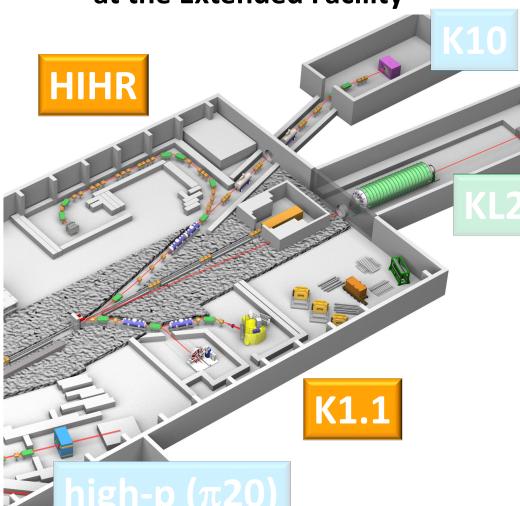
Search for new physics beyond the SM

KL2 Highest-sensitive $K_L^0 o \pi^0
u \overline{
u}$ measurement

intense neutral K beam

Expanded Research Programs

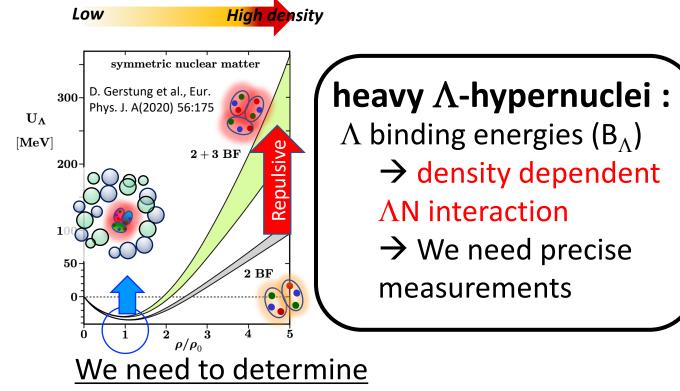
at the Extended Facility



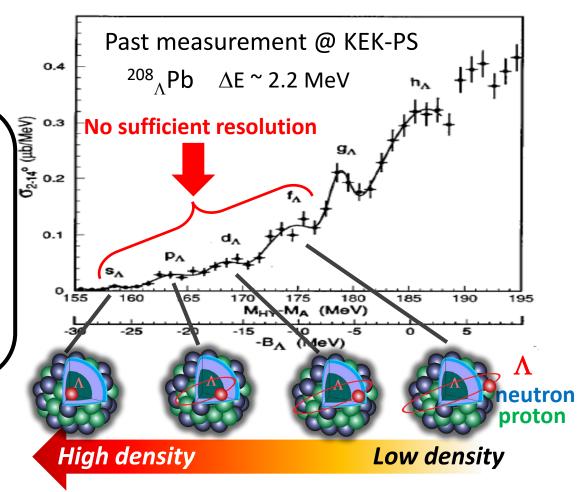
Why can heavy neutron stars exist?

 \triangleright Hyperons (Λ , Ξ , ...) emerge in dense neutron star matter?

Λ NN 3 Baryon Force is a key

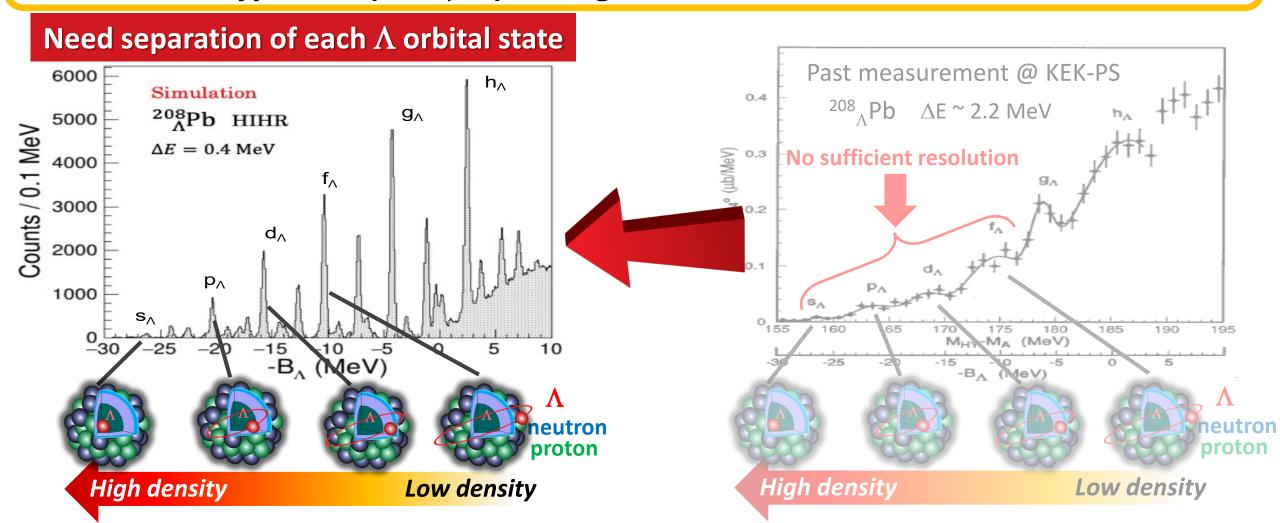


a tiny fraction of 3 Baryon Force effects



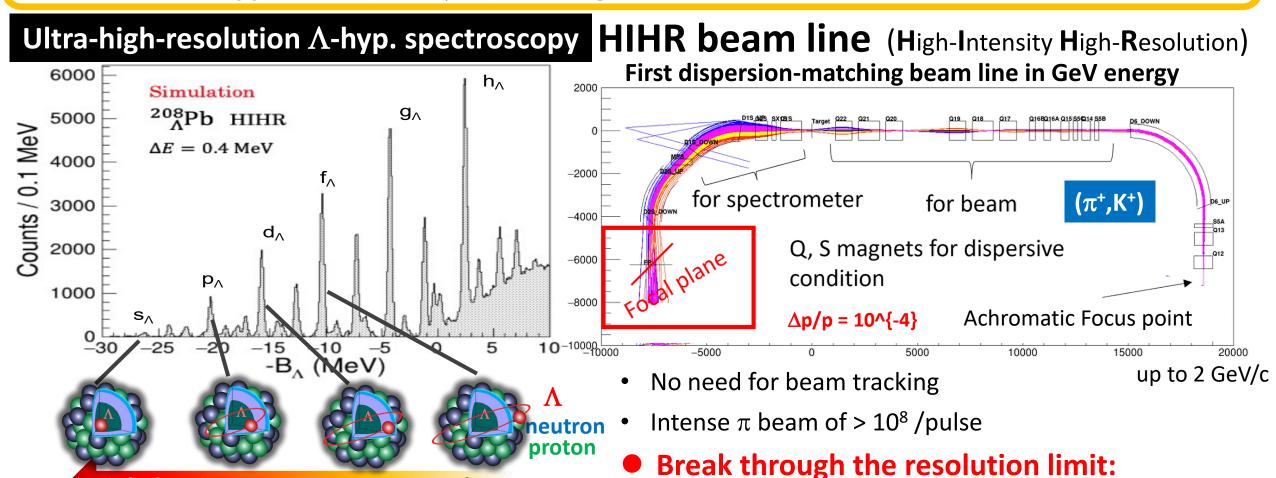
Why can heavy neutron stars exist?

 \triangleright Hyperons (Λ , Ξ , ...) emerge in dense neutron star matter?



Why can heavy neutron stars exist?

 \triangleright Hyperons (Λ , Ξ , ...) emerge in dense neutron star matter?



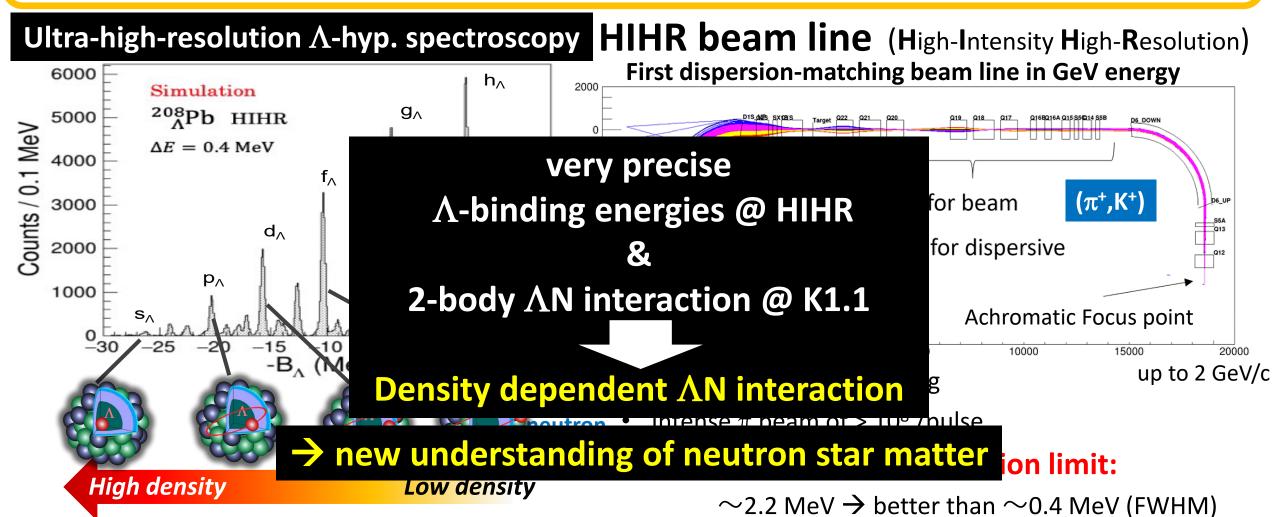
 \sim 2.2 MeV \rightarrow better than \sim 0.4 MeV (FWHM)

Low density

High density

Why can heavy neutron stars exist?

 \triangleright Hyperons (Λ , Ξ , ...) emerge in dense neutron star matter?



Extract density dependent $\Lambda \mathsf{N}$ interaction

Ultra-high-resolution ∧ hypernuclei spectroscopy

• intense dispersion matched π beam

Systematic ∧N scattering measurement

• intense polarized Λ beam

Investigate diquarks in baryons

high-p (π20)

K10

High-resolution charm baryon spectroscopy

• intense high-momentum π beam

High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

intense high-momentum separated K beam

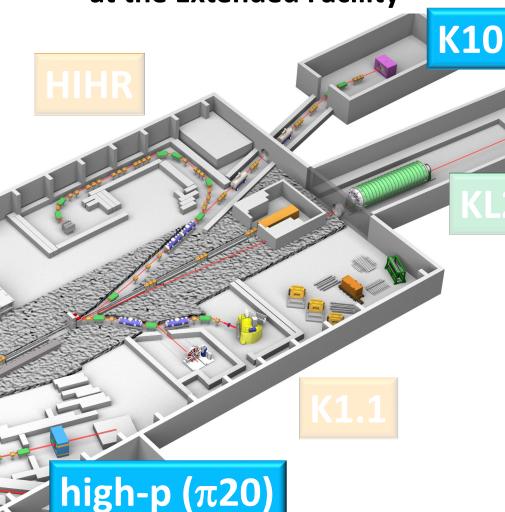
Search for new physics beyond the SM

Highest-sensitive $K_L^0 o \pi^0
u \overline{
u}$ measurement

intense neutral K beam

Expanded Research Programs

at the Extended Facility



Behaver of non-perturbative QCD in low energy regime

Hadron Physics: Diquarks in Baryons

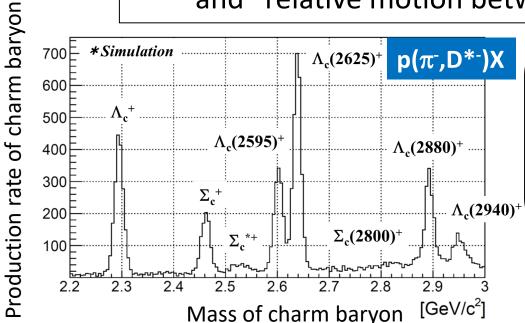
How quarks build hadrons?

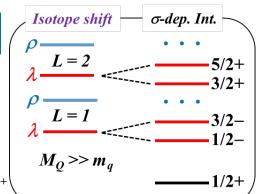
- > Investigate diquarks in baryons toward understanding of dense quark matter
 - Charm Baryon Spectroscopy

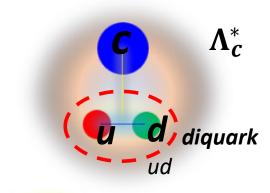
using intense high-momentum π beam @ High-p (π 20)

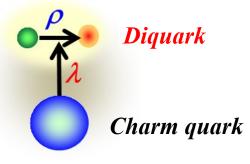
Establish a diquark (ud)

 Λ_c^* : Disentangle "collective motion of ud" and "relative motion between u and d"











"production rate" and "decay rate" will give us information about diquark

Behaver of non-perturbative QCD in low energy regime

Hadron Physics: Diquarks in Baryons

How quarks build hadrons?

- ➤ Investigate diquarks in baryons toward understanding of dense quark matter
 - > Charm Baryon Spectroscopy

using intense high-momentum π beam @ High-p (π 20)

Establish a diquark (ud)

 Λ_c^* : Disentangle "collective motion of ud" and "relative motion between u and d"

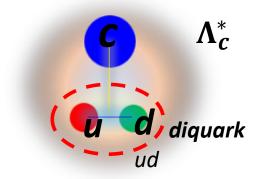


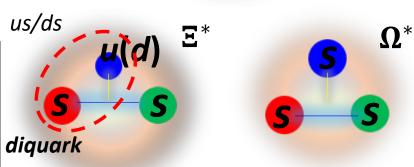
Diquarks in different systems

Ξ*: us/ds diquark

 Ω^* : the simplest sss system

→ diquark is expected to be suppressed







Systematic measurements will reveal the internal structure of baryons through the diquarks

Ultra-high-resolution ∧ hypernuclei spectroscopy

• intense dispersion matched π beam

Systematic AN scattering measurement

• intense polarized Λ beam

Investigate diquarks in baryons

high-p (π20) High-resolution charm baryon spectroscopy

• intense high-momentum π beam

High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

• intense high-momentum separated K beam

Search for new physics beyond the SM

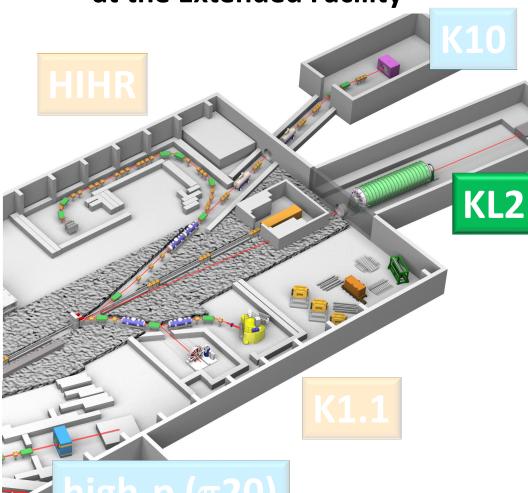


Highest-sensitive $K_L^0 o \pi^0
u \overline{
u}$ measurement

intense neutral K beam

Expanded Research Programs

at the Extended Facility



Flavor Physics: New Physics Search at KOTO

Sensitive to ~O(100) TeV physics

Rare kaon decay: $K_L^0 \to \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$

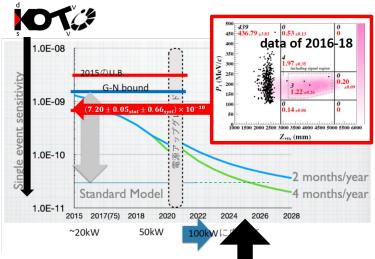
One of the best probes of new physics search

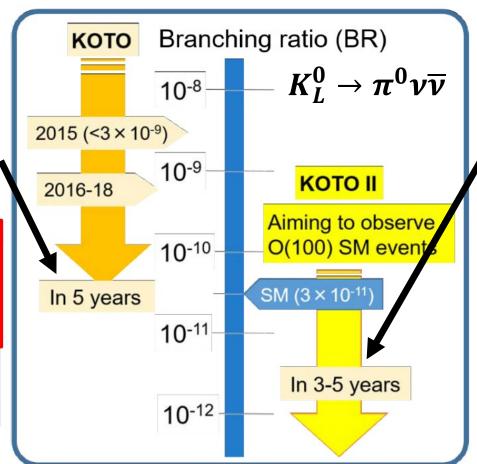
- Directly break CP symmetry
- Suppressed in the SM \rightarrow Branching ratio \sim 3imes10⁻¹¹
- Small theoretical uncertainties (\sim 2%)

Present HEF

KOTO:

• Will reach the SM sensitivity of $< O(10^{-10})$ around FY2025

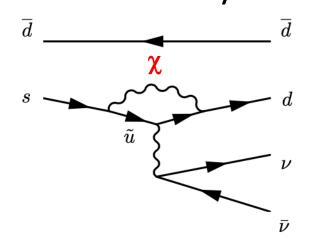




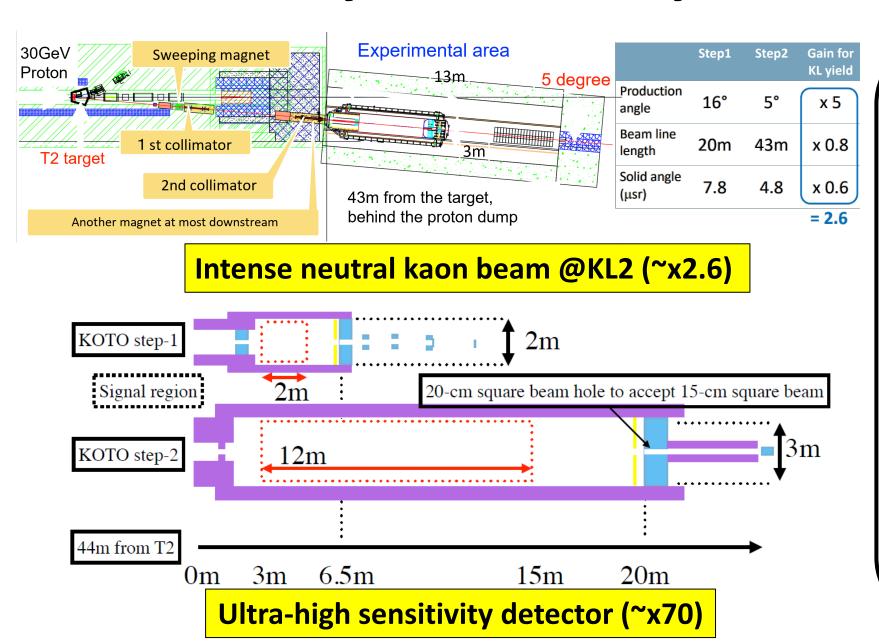
Extended HEF

KOTO Step-2:

Will explore the region beyond the SM sensitivity



Flavor Physics: New Physics Search at KOTO





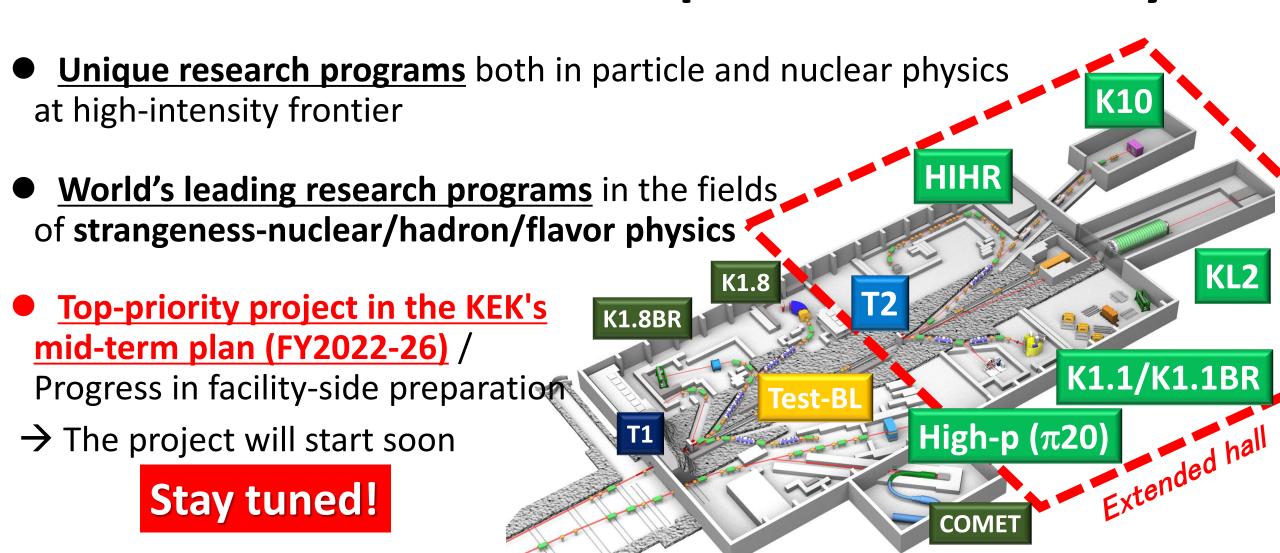
New physics search with world's highest sensitivity more than 100 times

- Discover the $K_L^0 \to \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ signal with 5σ
- Measure the branching ratio with 30% accuracy



Indicate new physics, if deviation form the SM > 40%

Summary of the Extension Project of the J-PARC Hadron Experimental Facility





(HUA) Thank you for your attention!

https://www.rcnp.osaka-u.ac.jp/~jparchua/en/hefextension.html







International WS on the Extension Project for the J-PARC Hadron Experimental Facility (J-PARC HEFex WS), 7-9 July 2021, online

2nd International WS on the Extension Project for the J-PARC Hadron Experimental Facility (2nd J-PARC HEF-ex WS), Feb.16-18 2022, online

